ORIGINAL DEFECTIVE

SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

UNION SERIES—VOL. LVII.—NO. 9718 }
DAILY RECORD SERIES—VOL. XXV.—NO. 4722. }

SACRAMENTO, FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 26, 1882.

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THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

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Star Notices, to follow reading matter, twenty-five cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisements of Situations Wanted, Houses to Let, Society Meetings, etc., of FIVE LINES OR LESS, will be inserted in the DAILY RECORD-UNION as follows:

One time	25 cents
Three times	50 cents
One week	75 cents

Seven words to constitute a line.

THE WEEKLY UNION

[Published in semi-weekly parts]

Is issued on Wednesday and Saturday of each week, comprising Eight Pages in each issue, or Sixteen Pages each week, and is the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific coast.

Terms, One Year $3 50

Semi-Weekly Union Advertising Rates.

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R. CADWALADER. C. R. PARSONS.

Cadwalader & Parsons,

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

INSURANCE AGENTS,

CORNER THIRD AND J STREETS.

DWELLING HOUSE

FOR SALE—THE HANDSOME THREE-story FRAME DWELLING, No. 713 H street, containing 14 large rooms, conveniently arranged, with all modern improvements attached. This building was erected but a few years since, under the careful supervision of one of our best Architects; is in a perfect state of repair and preservation, and will be sold with the desirable Lot upon which it stands, fronting 42 feet on H street, at a low price.

For particulars and cards of admission, apply at office.

AGENTS

UNION

INSURANCE COMPANY, SAN FRANCISCO.

Fire and Marine.

CAPITAL, fully paid $750,000

Losses promptly adjusted and paid in gold coin

CADWALADER & PARSONS,

General Agents Sacramento Division, No. 61 J street.

EDW. CADWALADER.

OFFICE, CORNER THIRD AND J STREETS: residence, corner Tenth and N streets, Sacramento, Cal.

Notary Public.

United States Commissioner.

Commissioner of Deeds for the States and Territories, and Conveyancer. Particular attention paid to taking depositions.

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Leases, Contracts, etc., drawn and acknowledged. ml-1pm

TO LET OR FOR SALE.

Advertisements of five lines in this department are inserted for 25 cents for one time; three times for 50 cents or 75 cents per week.

TO LET—THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS suitable for housekeeping. Parties with children need not apply. Inquire No. 713 L street, between Seventh and Eighth. m25-*

FOR SALE—FIVE SHARES, SECOND SERIES, Union Building and Loan Association Stock. For terms, address Box N, Sacramento Postoffice. m24-3t*

FOR SALE—THE FRAME ADDITION OF three rooms to the brick house on the southwest corner of Twelfth and H streets. Suitable for a small residence. Must be sold within five days. m22-1w*

TO RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS IN Krebs' Building, Seventh street, between J and K. Inquire on premises. m22-1w*

TO RENT—A NICE COTTAGE, WITH five rooms, gas and water, on M street, Seventeenth and Eighteenth. m20-1w*

FOR SALE, CHEAP—THAT DESIRABLE and centrally located property on the southwest corner of Eighth and I streets, formerly the residence of the Rev. W. H. Hill. The house contains 8 rooms and basement, with gas throughout. The lot is 55 by 80 feet. Inquire of W. A. FELCH, Real Estate Agent, 1013 Fourth street, St. George Building. m19 2w

TO LET—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, WITH bay window, facing the Plaza, on a line with street cars, two blocks from Capitol; references required. Apply at 923 Tenth street. m16-tf

FOR SALE—A MOWER AND REAPER AND a Taylor rake. Inquire of J. McMORRY, corner of Third and M streets. m16-tf

FOR SALE—TWO HEADERS, RUN ONE SEASON; six header wagon beds. Inquire of J. H. FINLAY, Brighton, or J. H. CARROLL, 1016 Second street, Sacramento. m11-tf

TO RENT—TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING; 9 rooms; gas and bath; stable for two horses; carriage house, etc. Rent $35. Corner Sixteenth and M. Inquire of W. P. COLEMAN, 325 J street. m4-1m

FOR SALE—THE GROCERY BUSINESS OF M. J. KING, southwest corner Second and L streets. Will be sold cheap, as the owner wishes to retire, on account of ill health. Inquire on the premises. a29 1m

TEXAS LANDS FOR SALE—WE HAVE FOR sale over 300,000 acres of selected Texas lands, for farming and ranch purposes. Prices from $1 to $2 50 per acre. HOLT & WISE, Surveyors and General Land Agents, Abilene, Taylor county, Texas. References: Colonel Caleb Dorsey, Hon. C. P. Berry, M. C., and Christy & Wise, San Francisco. a26 4p3m*

FARM FOR SALE.

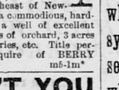
FOR SALE—160 ACRES OF EXCELLENT farming and garden land, situated in the Placer county, four miles southeast of Newcastle. There are on the place a commodious, hard-finished house, a fruit-house, a well of excellent water, plenty of timber, 9 acres of orchard, 3 acres of vineyard, all varieties of berries, etc. Title perfect. For particulars, inquire of BERRY MITCHELL, Newcastle. m8-1m*

WHY DON'T YOU

COME AND LOOK AT THAT FARM? The best chance you ever had to get a good home for little money. Call on SHELBEL, 321 J street. m23-6t&w1tW*

DAIRY FARM

TO LET!



262 ACRES, WITH GOOD Dwelling, Dairy, Barn, Milk-house, Out-buildings, etc.

—ALSO—

Forty Good Milch Cows, with their Increase for three years.

Apply to

SWEETSER & ALSIP,

Real Estate and Insurance Agents,

1015 FOURTH ST., SACRAMENTO. m29-1w*

FOR SALE.

REAL ESTATE

OF THE LATE R. T. BROWN, DECEASED.



TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLing, containing 9 large rooms, bath, closets and gas. Lot, 160x169; terraced and seeded to blue grass, with choice shrubbery, etc. Will be sold for low price of $3,000

ALSO—Lot 30x160, Eleventh street, between C and D 300

Lot 80x160, northwest cor. Fifteenth and E 500

Lot 80x160, M street, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth 950

South half of Block, O and P, Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets. Full Block, N and O, Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets.

Any of the above property will be sold on the installment plan. Apply to

SWEETSER & ALSIP,

Real Estate and Insurance Agents, No. 1015 Fourth street, Sacramento. m9-1ptf

MONEY TO LOAN

ON REAL ESTATE, AT A LOW RATE OF INterest, by PETER BOHL, 325 J street. m17-tf

AUCTION SALE

—OF THE—

GREAT CREVICE MINE

AND MINING PROPERTY, SITUATED IN Placer and El Dorado counties, on Murderer's Bar, on the Middle Fork of the American river, consisting of about 57 2-5 acres of ground, engine, boiler, pumps, hoisting works, tools, etc., etc.; to be sold in one lot, at the

Salesroom of Sherburn & Smith, No. 313 K Street, Sacramento,

At 10 o'clock A. M., on SATURDAY, the 3d day of JUNE, 1882. By order of the Stockholders.

E. J. CROLY, President.

NELSON WILCOX, Secretary.

m24-10t SHERBURN & SMITH, Auctioneers.

C. F. KLINK,

APOTHECARY AND CHEMIST,

No. 402 J STREET,

ST. GEORGE BUILDING.



Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. m18-4ptf

HALE BROS. & CO.

THE

Archimedean Lever

—IS—

HALE'S

—GREAT—

SPECIAL SALE

—OF—

NEW YORK AND EASTERN GOODS!

It has raised the people from the very depths of ruinous prices, and placed them far above the reach of the usurer. When there is a wish to accomplish something, it is a common remark to say, "It is only a question of time;" but in some cases, it appears that Time itself is annihilated, and its twin-born companion, "Circumstance," relieves old "Time" of its load.

The circumstance of HALE BROS. & CO. opening out an A B C business is predicative of a brighter dawn in DRY GOODS, etc., and the old cloud-capped hills of big prices melt away before the sun-lit sky of a more liberal policy. The almost omnipotent lever of

HALE'S

GREAT SPECIAL SALE

Has lifted from the Shoulders of the People

—THE—

SUPERINCUMBENT WEIGHT OF FANCY PRICES!

And placed within their reach all they need at figures commensurate with their income, and, with Archimedes, we hold that the same principle will lift the world.

"Man's Aspirations Are Boundless!"

We hold now five points on the Pacific coast. The fact is, the lever is at work, and at each of our factories there is a true realization that we are doing good.

THE PEOPLE KNOW IT; THE PEOPLE FEEL IT!

—THEIR—

CASH GOES FARTHER

Than it used to do, when in the past they had to pay two dollars for what they now buy for one. The aged fossils, with their credit system, are hiding their heads—their occupation is gone. For themselves and not "for the people" is worn out, and that heroic Mother, who had the self-abnegation to deny herself of a Calico Dress, rather than buy it on credit, has the satisfaction of knowing that she is doing better; that her self-sacrifice has been productive of good, and, with self-reliance, she can boldly enter a store and say, "I don't want it," if the article does not suit her.

—IN CONCLUSION,—

WE INVITE EVERYBODY TO PAY A VISIT TO

Hale's Great Special Sale!

NEW YORK AND EASTERN

DRY GOODS!

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES,

And our word is our bond that you will not suffer disappointment.

Orders by Mail receive special attention, and are filled the day they are received.

HALE BROS. & CO.,

829, 831, 833, 835 K street,

—AND—

1026 NINTH STREET, SACRAMENTO.

MECHANICS' STORE.

For Advertisement of WEINSTOCK & LUBIN, see Second Page. It will be changed daily

THE FINEST DRINK In the World. NAPA SODA. TRY A NAPA SODA LEMONADE.

m16-1p3m

Palmer & Sepulveda

(Successors to J. S. TROWBRIDGE),

DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES,

Northeast Corner Second and K streets, Sacramento.

PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED AT ALL HOURS, BOTH DAY AND NIGHT, AT THE LOWEST RATES. fe28-1ply

INSURE GRAIN CROPS,

STANDING OR IN STACK, WITH

W. P. COLEMAN,

No. 325 J street, Sacramento, Cal.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS FROM $500 UP.

m17-1ply

FRED. MASON,

MANUFACTURER OF

CUSTOM SHIRTS,

NO. 528 J STREET, SACRAMENTO.

JUST RECEIVED. SPRING GOODS. CARPETS, OILCLOTHS

CARPETS

Specialty of LACE GOODS of all descriptions and the LATEST DESIGNS.

All Sold at the Lowest Reduction for Thirty Days

AT BEN COHEN'S - - - - - - J STREET

a12-1ptf

OLDEST BOX FACTORY ON THE PACIFIC COAST. All Kinds of Boxes on hand and Made to Order.

BOXES

LATEST IMPROVED MACHINERY FOR BOX PRINTING.

CAPITAL BOX FACTORY.....CORNER SECOND AND Q STREETS

Depot: J St., bet. Front and Second (next door to W. R. Strong & Co.) NICHOLS & CO. a17-1p6m

Boston Drug Store,

A. WALTHER, Chemist, Prop.,

NORTHEAST CORNER THIRD AND J STREETS.

Prescriptions Compounded, day and night, with utmost care, at very low prices. a19-1ptf

H. WACHHORST,

LEADING JEWELER, SACRAMENTO.

SPECIALTY: WATCHES AND DIAMONDS.

NO. 315 J STREET (NORTH SIDE), BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH.

SIGN: TOWN CLOCK. [a13-tf]

FOR BILIOUSNESS,

—TAKE—

Hammer's Cascara Sagrada Bitters,

THE GREAT FAMILY MEDICINE.

HAMMER'S DRUG STORE, FOURTH AND K STREETS, and all Druggists. ml-1p6m

BENSON & LESHER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING AND CARRIAGE TRIMMING,

Second street, bet. K and L, Sacramento.

(Over McGEE'S STABLE—Elevator to Shop). All orders promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. First-class Work at Reasonable Prices. m6-1ptf

SAN FRANCISCO CARDS.

SAN FRANCISCO

Business Directory

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Frank Bros.—General Ag'ts Walter A. Wood Mowing and Reaping Machine Co., 319 & 321 Market st.

Baker & Hamilton—Importers of Agricultural Implements and Hardware; Agents of the Benicia Agricultural Works, 7 to 19 Front street.

David N. Hawley—Importer and Dealer in Agricultural Implements, Agent of Woods and Marsh King Mowers, 117 and 119 Market street.

George A. Davis & Co.—Manufacturers' Agents, 327 and 329 Market street.

ARTISTS.

Heaseworth—Optician and Photographer, No. 12 Montgomery street. Established in 1851.

BUSINESS COLLEGES.

Pacific Business College and Telegraphic Institute—(Life Scholarship, $75. Full Business Course, $70). W. E. Chamberlin, Jr., and T. A. Robinson, Proprietors, No. 320 Post street, opposite Union Square, S. F., Cal. Send for Circulars.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

Studebaker Bros. Manufacturing Co.—Repository, 31 Market street. A. H. Isham, Manager

CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, ETC.

Frank G. Edwards—Importer and Dealer, Nos. 628 to 634 Clay street, San Francisco.

DRY GOODS.

The White House—The oldest Dry Goods House in San Francisco. We import direct from the principal marts in Europe, consequently can sell lower than any other house in the trade. Country orders attended to. J. W. Davidson & Co., Nos 101 and 103 Kearny street, San Francisco.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS.

Justin Gates.—Pioneer Druggist, removed to 522 Montgomery st., S. F. Country orders solicited

EDUCATIONAL.

School of Civil Engineering, Surveying, Drawing and Assaying. 24 Post st. A. Van der Naillen

HATS.

Herrmann, The Hatter—No. 336 Kearny street, near Pine. The finest hats at the lowest prices. Factory: No. 17 Belden street

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, ETC.

Carolan, Cory & Co.—Importers of Hardware, Iron and Steel. Agents for the Pittsburg Steel Works, Northwestern Horse Nail Company, and Southington Cutlery Co. Nos. 120 and 122 Front street, and Nos. 117 and 119 California street.

Marcus C. Hawley & Co.—Importers of Hardware and Agricultural Implements, Nos. 301, 303, 305, 307 and 309 Market street, San Francisco.

METALS, STOVES, RANGES, ETC.

W. W. Montague & Co.—Importers of Stoves, Ranges and Sheet Iron, Marbleized Mantels, Grates and Tiles. Manufacturers of Flats, Japanned and Stamped Tinware. Nos 110 112, 114, 116 and 118 Battery street.

MILLINERY.

The Bandbox—The popular Millinery Establishment. B. S. Hirsch & Co., No. 748 Market street. Strict attention to orders from the interior

RESTAURANTS.

Swain's Family Bakery and Dining Saloon—No. 636 Market street. Wedding cakes, ice cream, oysters, jellies, etc., constantly on hand. Families supplied.

Campi's Original Italian Restaurant has reopened under the management of N. Giamboni, Campi's former partner. Nos. 531 and 533 Clay st., near Montgomery. Everything first-class.

RUBBER AND OIL GOODS.

Davis & Kellogg—Pioneer Manufacturers of Cape Ann Oiled Clothing, Hats, Covers, etc. Importers and Dealers in Rubber Boots and Woolen Goods. No. 34 California street.

The Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Company—Manufacturers of Rubber Goods of every description. Patentees of the celebrated "Maltese Cross Brand" Carbolized Hose. Corner First and Market streets. J. W. Taylor, Manager.

STATIONERS, PRINTERS ETC.

H. S. Crocker & Co.—Importing and Manufacturing Stationers, Printers and Lithographers, Nos. 215, 217 and 219 Bush street, above Sansome.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Taber, Harker & Co.—Importers and Wholesale Grocers, Nos. 108 and 110 California street.

Wellman, Peck & Co.—Importers and Wholesale Grocers and Dealers in Tobacco and Cigars, Nos. 126 to 132 Market, and No. 23 California.

SACRAMENTO RECORD-UNION.

San Francisco Office, No. 8 New Montgomery street (Palace Hotel).—J. H. Sharpe, Agent.

STAR MILLS AND MALT HOUSE.

NEUBOURG & LAGES,

NOS. 50, 52 AND 54 FIFTH ST., SACRAMENTO, dealers in Produce and Brewers' Supplies, Manufacturers of Malt and all kinds of Meals, etc., Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Cracked Wheat, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, etc. New Grain Bags for sale. Agents Buckeye Mills Flour, Marysville. a17-1m

FRUITS, SEEDS AND PRODUCE.

D. DEBERNARDI. JAS. GARZOLI.

D. DEBERNARDI & CO.,

WHOLESALE COMMISSION DEALERS IN

Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Vegetables

Fruit, Fish and General Produce.

a27-1p1m

LYON & BARNES,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS IN

Produce, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Cheese,

Poultry, Green and Dry Fruits, Honey, Beans, etc

ALFALFA SEED

Potatoes in car-load lots or less.

a23-1ptf Nos. 21 and 23 J street.

(Established 1852.)

EUGENE J. GREGORY FRANK GREGORY.

CHARLES F. DILLMAN.

GREGORY & CO.

(Successors to J. Gregory),

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND WHOLESALE Dealers in PRODUCE AND FRUIT.

Nos. 126 and 128 J Street.

a21-1ptf Sacramento, Cal.

W. R. STRONG & CO.,

Wholesale Commission Merchants

AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

CALIFORNIA GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS

NUTS, HONEY, SEED

And General Merchandise.

All orders promptly attended to. Address: W. R. STRONG & CO.,

a8-1p1m Nos. 6, 8 and 10 J street, Sacramento.

A. MOORES. S. GERSON.

S. GERSON & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND Dealers in

Imported and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, Nuts, Etc.,

No. 220 J street, between Second and Third, Sacramento. a2-1m

FRUIT DEALERS,

ATTENTION!

HAVING REMOVED TO MORE COMMODIOUS premises, we have enlarged our stock. We offer you choice Apples, free from worms, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Dried Fruits, Nuts, Dates, Canned Goods, etc., at very low prices.

M. T. BREWER & CO.,

1006 to 1010 Second street, between J and K, Sacramento. fe22-f

DENTISTRY.

W. WOOD,

DENTIST—(REMOVED TO QUINN'S Building, cor. Fourth and J streets). Artificial Teeth inserted on all bases. Also, the Improved Liquid Nitrous Oxide Gas, for the Painless Extraction of Teeth. m24-tf

DR. F. M. SHIELDS,

DENTIST, SOUTHWEST CORNER of Fifth and J streets, up stairs, has refitted his rooms and resumed practice. m20-tf

DRS. BREWER & SOUTHWORTH,

DENTISTS, SOUTHWEST CORNER of Seventh and J streets, in Bryte's new building, up stairs. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Improved Liquid Nitrous Oxide Gas. m16-1p1m

H. H. PIERSON,

DENTIST, 415 J STREET, BETWEEN Fourth and Fifth, Sacramento Artificial Teeth inserted on Gold, Vulcanite and all bases. Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas administered for painless extraction of Teeth. m14-1m

W. H. HARE, D. D. S.,

DENTIST, NO. 605 J STREET, BEtween Sixth and Seventh, Sacramento. all-1p1m

Chickering Pianos,

WILCOX & WHITE ORGANS

—AT WAREROOMS OF—

L. K. HAMMER,

No. 826 J street, ... Sacramento.

Sold on the installment plan. Orders for TUNING promptly attended to. fe20 1p1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

ST. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK.



THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY.

FOR

RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,

Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

The King of the body is the Brain; the stomach its main support; the nerves its messengers; the bowels, the kidneys and the pores its safeguards. Indigestion creates a violent revolt among these attaches of the regular organ, and to bring them back to their duty there is nothing like the regulating, purifying, invigorating, cooling operation of TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT. It renovates the system and restores to health both the body and the mind. Sold by all druggists.

m17-2wTuF

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

THE GREATEST CARD ON THE AMERICAN STAGE.

Commencing Thursday, May 25th,

MR. M. B. CURTIS,

AND HIS GREAT COMPANY.

In his successful drama,

Samuel of Posen

Having packed from pit to dome every Theater in which he has performed, and made the greatest run at Haverly's Theater, New York, ever known in the history of theatricals—TWELVE WEEKS packed to the doors.

Seats can be secured at the Theater on Wednesday without extra charge. m22-

St. Rose Church

ANNUAL

PICNIC

Will take place at

Natoma Grove,

NEAR FOLSOM, ON

THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1882.

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR. Children between the ages of 5 and 12 years, 50 cents.

Music by the HUSSARS' BAND. There will be from sixty to seventy five valuable Prizes offered, to be competed for on the grounds. m25-1w

MUSICAL NEWS.

PROFESSOR BORRA OFFERS TO THE CITIzens of Sacramento to teach Vocal Music during this season gratuitously. They will have to pay $1 for rent of music room and gas. They will know the difference of this method with all other music teachers of this coast. All are cordially invited to join. Room 10, Odd Fellows' Temple. m20-1w*

WANTED, LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements of five lines in this department are inserted for 25 cents for one time; three times for 50 cents or 75 cents per week.

LOST CHILD.—WILLIE COLLIER, AGED 15, left his home in this city last Saturday, and has not since been heard from; had on a black hat, much worn, brown pants nearly worn out and stained with paint, and new, low-quartered shoes; has small blue eyes, is quite freckled, and is slightly pock-marked in the face; was last seen in company with a colored bootblack, about his own age, last Saturday afternoon, and is supposed to have gone towards the Bay. Any information concerning his whereabouts will be thankfully received by his parents. Address W. J. COLLIER, Sacramento, Cal. m25-1w

WANTED—MALE: 10 MEN TO HAY, $30 TO $33; 6 Dairymen, $30; 4 Waiters, $30 to $35; 3 Teamsters, $30 to $35; 4 Woodchoppers. FEMALE—6 Girls for Housework, $15 to $20; 3 Girls for Chamber and Waiting, $20; 2 Women Cooks, $20 to $25; 3 Nurse Girls, $12 to $15; 2 Waiter Girls, $15 to $20. Parties in want of help, send in your orders. Apply to HOUSTON & CO.'S Employment Office, corner of Fourth and K streets, Sacramento. m15-1ptf

WANTED—A BRIGHT, ACTIVE YOUTH, living with his parents; must be good at figures. Apply to WEINSTOCK & LUBIN. m19-tf

Memorial Day.

TUESDAY, MAY 30, 1882

ALL EX-SOLDIERS AND SAILORS AND CITIzens generally are invited to join with the members of SUMNER POST, NO. 3, G. A. R., in the observance of Decoration Day, on Tuesday, May 30, 1882.

Societies wishing to take part in the procession will report to the Post Commander, at Grand Army Hall, K street, between Fifth and Sixth, at 9 A. M.

Procession will move at 10 A. M. sharp.

The Military will form on K street, right resting on Fourth street.

Civic Societies and Citizens will be assigned positions by the Post Commander.

Line of March—From the Hall on K street, to Second, to J, to Tenth, to the City Cemetery.

Grand Army Hall will remain open for the reception of floral offerings, bouquets, etc., from 7:30 o'clock A. M. till the procession moves. Donations are respectfully invited.

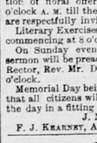
Literary Exercises at the Theater in the evening, commencing at 8 o'clock. Doors open at 7.

On Sunday evening, May 28th, an appropriate sermon will be preached at St. Paul's Church, by the Rector, Rev. Mr. Davis, services commencing at 8 o'clock.

Memorial Day being a legal holiday, it is expected that all citizens will assist in helping to celebrate the day in a fitting manner.

J. N. LARKIN, Post Commander.

F. J. KEARNEY, Adjutant. m23-2TuF



G. GRIFFITHS,

PENRYN

GRANITE WORKS

PENRYN CAL.

THE BEST VARIETY AND Largest Quarries on the Pacific Coast. Polished Granite Monuments, Tombstones and Tablets made to order.

Granite Building Stone Cut, Dressed and Polished to orde a11-1p6m

Sacramento Planing Mill,

SASH AND BLIND FACTORY, CORNER OF Front and Q streets, Sacramento.

Doors, Windows, Blinds.

Finish of all kinds, Window Frames, Moldings of every description, and Turning.

HARTWELL, HOTCHKISS & STALKER. m22-4p1m

NORTHERN NEVADA.

HISTORICAL MATTERS—DISCOVERY OF HUMBOLDT RIVER.

A Noted Treaty—Settlement of an Old Controversy—The Pioneers of Nevada.

[Correspondence of the RECORD-UNION.]

QUEEN'S RIVER COUNTY, May 13, 1882.

In a former letter reference was made to certain physical characteristics of northern Nevada, and to the industrial pursuits and resources of this region. Among other matters reference was made to Mary's river. Many will recollect, as children, tracing on the old maps a short, crooked line—a sort of a polywog wiggling in the midst of a peppered vacancy—emblazoned "American Desert," indicating a river commencing nowhere and ending nowhere, surrounded by a country suggesting a sterile idea of Sahara. The desert has mostly disappeared; so has most of

MARY'S RIVER.

The scratched line is still there, and so is the river, but the name of the great German naturalist has superseded that of the squaw who had the honor of first giving it a distinctive designation. I have known men who insisted that the river was called Humboldt, because Humboldt discovered it. Washing off alkali dust in the hot springs near Elko, men have been heard to bless the name of Baron Von Humboldt, and thank their good stars for his keen eyesight for steam clouds. Yet Humboldt never was within a thousand miles of this river. The explorer who did *not* discover America succeeded in affixing his name to it, like an epitaph on a tombstone; and the man who never saw, and possibly never heard of this river, found a name here. It is rather a sorry reflection, too, as has been suggested, that the only geographical points which have been named after the greatest of the travelers of two continents, are a solitary bay on the coast of California and an insignificant stream in the interior of Nevada.

ITS EARLIEST VISITORS

Are unknown. When it was first seen by white men probably will never be ascertained. The men who first struck out into this untracked region were more accustomed to handling rifles than pens. There were selfish reasons, too, for keeping a close mouth, even had communication been possible. This was debatable ground. Beaver and otter were swimming in the waters, and these men were hunting for furs. Giving away their geographical knowledge would have been giving away their daily haridack and bacon. The Canadian trappers of the Hudson Bay Fur Company were prohibited from disclosing the secrets of their expeditions. Its rival, the Russian Fur Company, was not more generous. The Astor American Fur Company, and the later St. Louis companies of independent trappers, were equally interested in secretly hunting out their own sections, and silently making them profitable. This river was undoubtedly known to these associated traders, and probably to all of them, long before written history commenced here; but nothing is now known of their explorations, unless such information can be obtained by ransacking the ancient letter-files and official reports stowed away in the dusty chests of the home offices of those companies.

SOME ANTIQUARIAN

May some day round his literary ambition by assorting the old records to be found there, and writing a new history of those comparatively dark ages. We know something of the immense operations of those fur companies at the north and west of this region for a long time anterior to 1825, but nothing definite respecting this particular section before that date. The Russians were in California, as far south as Bodega and San Francisco. They named its majestic peak, Shasta. The French names of all the prominent points in Idaho attest the familiarity of the Canadian employes of the Hudson Bay Company far to the east of old Fort Hall. Undoubtedly they knew the Humboldt as well as the Columbia. If so, they kept their knowledge to themselves, for their own use. Several nations claimed this country until 1819, and it was a long time after that date before the boundary line was surveyed. Each nationality did what was right in his own sight, and caught or bought as many furs as could be had for love or money. It was one of these that furnished the first known title to this river—a little episode of

LOVE IN THE DESERT.

In 1823 Salt Lake was discovered by the employes of the St. Louis Fur Company, and a rude fort erected there. In the summer of 1825 a company of about forty men and Indians, under the command of Captain Jerrediah S. Smith, started from that point westward, to explore a new trail through the unknown desert to California. He had an Indian wife named Mary, who seems to have known something of a portion of the proposed route, by hearsay or otherwise. She with other Indians guided Smith's company to the head-waters of this stream, and Smith, affectionately or gratefully, gave it her name. It continued to be known as such until 1846, when Colonel Fremont came down the same trail, and with questionable fastidiousness exchanged the name of the humble Indian woman for the more aristocratic title it now bears. For some years, however, it continued to wear its old name, and as Mary's river was known to the early California immigrants. Captain Smith is said to have been the first man who lead a company to California by this route. Government officials followed Fremont's nomenclature on the charts of the main river, but the old name still is preserved for the head of the river, above a point near the present railroad station of Deeth, in Elko county. The river is evidently the remains of an ancient lake once occupying this basin, corresponding to Bear river and Salt Lake now. Ruby and Clover lakes here yet indicate the extent of this vast inland fresh-water sea, which at some remote period broke down the rocky wall at Palisades and lost itself on the lower levels of the "Sink." What is yet known as Mary's river heads in the rugged volcanic mesas and canyons of the Owyhee and Goose Creek mountains, along the line of

THE FORTY-SECOND PARALLEL OF LATITUDE.

This is historical ground. Over sixty years ago here a boundary line was established that fixed the northern limits of the Spanish empire on this continent. Here is the great water-shed sending its streams north and south. This dividing ridge meanders through the mountains westward to the Klamath lake region, and breaks out again in the Siskiyou and Klamath mountains of California. The establishment of this boundary settled an old and angry dispute involving five first-class powers. Spain claimed the country indefinitely northward as a portion of the Mexican province; England claimed everything southward to the Spanish territory; Russia interposed interests; France had previously held indefinite claims which had been transferred to the United States by the Louisiana purchase in 1804. When Jefferson bought these claims he purchased "a pig in a poke." He bought a country and then had to find it. He found it by Lewis and Clark's expedition in 1805, and President Monroe secured it by the treaty of 1819, by which the Spanish Viceroy's authority was limited to the country south of the forty-second parallel—as afterwards Great Britain was remanded to the forty-ninth, under Polk's administration, in 1844. The pretensions of conflicting nationalities were mainly settled by this treaty of 1819. A boundary was then established that endures to this day; fixed so indelibly that all the wars and purchases of later times have not annihilated it, separating American States and Territories then undreamed of. This is the boundary line of California, Nevada, Utah, Oregon and Idaho. A half dozen old, gray-haired statesmen, sitting around a green table in Europe, traced with their fingers on the old charts this natural divide, and one day after dinner peaceably settled the whole question of territorial rights on the Pacific slope. That day's work left the United States in possession of the field.

THE OLD MOUNTAINEERS,

However, paid little regard to maps or international treaties. The boundary line was imaginative. No surveyor stretched a chain across that unknown wilderness for many years afterwards. The only monument was that erected by nature, indicated as the divide at the head of all the rivers. It was difficult to trace, and the old mountaineers probably spent little time looking for it. The trappers roamed over the country indiscriminately, undisturbed and indifferent to foreign complications of peace or war. Doubtless Russian standards have glittered in these valleys; here the tricolor of France, the cross of "King George's men," the gorgeous banner of old Spain, and later, the green serpent of Mexico, have fluttered in the Humboldt breezes, to the admiration of wondering Piutes, Bannacks and Shoshones. But the American mountaineers were irrepressible. They drifted year after year through the Rocky Mountain passes from the headwaters of the Missouri, Yellowstone and Colorado, restless, enterprising and always unsettled. Ashley, Sublette, Jackson, Weaver, Walker, Maxwell, Bridger, Carson, Pegleg Smith, Bill Williams, Peter Lassen; such men as these, following the steps of Jerry Smith down the Humboldt, broke into the old Spanish home, and, with the scowls of nature, government officials and savages. They first gave tongue to the English language here; affixed their names to the rivers, peaks and passes; taught both Indians and Mexicans to respect American courage, if not American institutions; and lastingly made these desert whirlwinds familiar with a brighter flag.

SUFFOLK.

YOUTH AND NATURE.

Is this the sky and this the very earth
I had such pleasure in when I was young?
And can this be the very same sea song
Heard once within the storm clouds' awful girth,
When a great storm from silence burst to birth,
And winds to whom it seemed I did belong
Made the keen blood in me run swift and strong
With irresistible, tempestuous mirth?

Are these the forests loved of old as well,
Where on May nights enchanted music was?
Are these the fields of soft, delicious grass,
These the old hills with secret things to tell?
O my dead youth, was this inevitable,
That with thy passing Nature, too, should pass
—[Athenæum.

PEOPLE AND EVENTS.

"Jehovah" is the title of a poem which the Queen of Roumania is about to publish.

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes this month completes his thirty-fifth year as a Professor in the Harvard Medical School.

The Kentucky Legislature has voted $5,000 to be used for stocking the rivers of the State with choice varieties of fish.

In the northern Platte valley, Nebraska, where a few years ago there was nothing but cattle ranches, now there is very little Government land left.

The annual sheep-shearing festival of the Nebraska Wool Growers' and Sheep Breeders' Association has been set for the 4th of next month, at Beatrice, Neb.

Robert Jefferson, a prominent and intelligent negro of Indianapolis, who has always claimed to be an illegitimate son of Thomas Jefferson, died in Indianapolis recently.

A Chicago woman has recovered $3,000 damages from her landlord, because he misrepresented the sewerage and plumbing of the house she rented from him. It astonished him—and her, too.—[Detroit Free Press.

Susie Green might have had her pick from among the young men of Lexington, Ky., for she was handsome and rich; but she preferred a gambler of the flashiest kind. He was known to her for a month as a stockbroker, and at the end of that brief courtship she married him. They stopped at a Louisville hotel on their bridal tour. He brought her a lemonade in her room, and she found it bitter. He had put an opiate in it. When she was unconscious he stole her purse and $2,500 worth of diamonds and deserted her.

PEARLS FROM THE FRENCH PRESS.

"If his widow survives him, the unfortunate woman is worthy of all pity."

"Every murderer should be decapitated; to be shot dead is for an Arab relatively agreeable."—[Algiers Journal.

"Some days ago the keeper of the Louvre noticed the disappearance of a picture of great bulk although of small size."

"The talent of

ORIGINAL DEFECTIVE

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THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

FRIDAY.....MAY 26, 1882

Meteorological Observations — Taken at Each Station at the Same Moment.

SACRAMENTO, May 25, 1882—8:02 P. M.

Places of observation.	Height of barom...	The ... velocity	Direction of wind	Force.	Character of wind	Rain in 24 hours	State of the weather
Olympia	29.98	57	S. W.	6	Fresh		Clear
Portland	30.04	62	N.W.	11	Fresh		Fair
Roseburg	30.04	61	N.W.		Light		Clear
Red Bluff	30.03	64	S.		Light	.04	Cloudy
Sacramento	30.06	59	S. W.	9	Fresh		Cloudy
S. Francisco	30.12	54	W.	12	Fresh		Cloudy
Visalia	30.00	61	N.W.		Light	.08	Fair
Los Angeles	30.06	60	N.W.	7	Fresh	.42	Fair
San Diego	30.08	61	N.W.	9	Fresh		Fair

Maximum temperature, 68°; minimum, 48°.
River above low-water mark, 20 ft. 3 in.

JAMES A. BARWICK,
Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. A.

SECOND EDITION.

A second edition of the RECORD-UNION is issued each day at 2 P. M., bringing the Eastern and coast news up to that hour. By this arrangement the RECORD-UNION will present the latest news obtainable at all points east and north of Sacramento.

The regular morning edition of the RECORD-UNION is carried by morning trains, and is ahead of all competitors as far north as Chico, on the California and Oregon Railroad; west to Benicia, and south to Stockton, and east to Colfax, Folsom and Placerville and all intermediate places. The second edition matter will be found each day upon the third page.

THIS MORNING'S NEWS.

In New York Government bonds are quoted at 120¾ for 4s of 1907; 115½ for 4½s; 101¾ for 3½s; sterling, 4.86@4.90; silver bars, 114.

Silver in London, 52¼d; consols, 102 3-16d; 5 per cent. United States bonds, extended, 104; 4s, 122; 4½s, 116.

In San Francisco half dollars are quoted at ¼ discount to par; Mexican dollars 91@92 cents.

There was a light business in stocks in San Francisco yesterday. Both sessions were short. Several descriptions failed to elicit a single bid. There was but little change in values from Wednesday.

A reign of terror exists in St. Martin's parish, La., on account of the recent lynching of two men.

By a cave in the Hudson river tunnel yesterday, one man was killed and two others fatally injured.

Princess Louise left England for Canada yesterday.

The American Baptist Home Missionary Society has placed itself upon record in opposition to the anti-Chinese bill.

The Workingmen's Association at Hamilton, Ont., condemn Chinese immigration into Canada.

The Chinese women who came from Hongkong on the Glamis Castle, and were arrested on a charge of being prostitutes, were yesterday released in the United States Circuit Court at San Francisco.

A steamer loaded with lime took fire at Portland, and was scuttled.

Parties fired a shot at J. A. Whitmore, editor of the Arizona Star, at Tucson, A. T., yesterday, but missed him.

A man who shot A. D. Mason, was yesterday fined by a lower at Grass Valley in the sum of $1,000.

Jones has been found guilty, at Portland, of bribing Francis Adams.

Two men who mysteriously disappeared have been found.

A fight occurred on the line between Georgia and Carolina Tuesday.

[illegible], of the Putnam Hotel at Auburn, died yesterday.

James Smith, in his second trial at Woodland for killing M. F. Patterson, has been found guilty of murder in the second degree.

Andy Neal was hanged by a mob in Spokan county, Washington Territory, Monday.

The Khedive desires the French and English squadrons to remain in Egyptian waters for the present.

After a five weeks' struggle, the striking operatives of the cotton mill at Reading, Pa., have returned to work at the 10 per cent. reduction.

A stage was robbed near Chico yesterday by two men and a boy.

In the New York Senate yesterday the Railroad Commission bill passed with but one dissenting vote.

By the fall of a scaffold yesterday at Chicago, one carpenter was killed and three others injured.

At Vasilishki, Russia, 400 Jewish houses were recently burned.

The agrarian agitation in the Baltic provinces is increasing, and the peasants in Parnan have revolted.

The caving of a tunnel at Union Hill, N. J., yesterday, killed three laborers.

Gladstone will propose to-day the adjournment of the House of Commons until next Thursday.

Emile G. Grisar, Consul for Belgium, resident in San Francisco, is dead.

Samuel J. Hilborn, of Vallejo, is to be appointed United States District Attorney for California.

The Methodist Ministerial Association adjourned Nevada yesterday, to meet in Sacramento next [illegible] snowing and raining for two days at [illegible]

[illegible] was loaded" is [illegible] from Lo[illegible], Idaho, the victim being a man of 22 years.

[illegible] Democrats will hold their County Convention June 10th.

The Queen's birthday was enthusiastically celebrated at Victoria, B. C.

Fire at Marysville.

P. J. Murphy and Michael Brannan were drowned in Snake river, Oregon, by the capsizing of a skiff.

The prosecution is making out a strong case in the Carrie Bradley murder trial at Portland, Or.

The residence of D. N. Taylor, near Seattle, W. T., has been destroyed by fire.

At Pueblo, Col., yesterday, A. T. Stewart accidentally shot and killed his brother.

The Grant Company's smelting works at Leadville, Col., the largest of the kind in the world, were destroyed by fire yesterday.

A disastrous fire occurred yesterday afternoon at Tombstone, A. T., destroying nearly the entire business portion of the city, and causing a loss of at least $500,000.

Two more cases of small-pox were reported yesterday on board of the quarantined steamer Alameda, at San Francisco.

It is reported that the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railroad Company have purchased the Chicago, Texas and Mexican Railroad.

The Delaware Greenback State Convention, consisting of five delegates, met at Wilmington yesterday, and nominated John Jackson for Governor.

Payne and his party of Indian Territory invaders have been captured by troops and taken back to Kansas.

A church in New York celebrated its 249th anniversary last night.

The Court house at Centre, Alabama, has been destroyed by fire.

The fourth page of to-day's RECORD-UNION contains items of San Francisco and State news, the commercial department and the list of undelivered letters.

THE Judge of the Superior Court of Alameda last week took occasion to read a jury a severe lecture, telling it that its verdict was in utter disregard of the law and the facts, and that he could conceive of no reason in the world for such a verdict by jurors under oath. The winning attorney protested at this, and the Judge fined him $100 for contempt, and he had to pay it or go to jail. This vigor and bravery on the part of a Court will have a tendency to impress upon jurors that arbitrary action by them shall not hereafter pass unrebuked, and while they have the power to find as they please, that there are Courts brave enough to criticise them as they deserve. It is becoming too common a thing for juries to find verdicts arbitrarily and without much reference to the facts, and to ignore the moral and legal obligations of the oath.

HERE is a lesson for opium smokers and eaters. Mr. Lamson's confession of the murder of his brother-in-law, he says he was enabled to do the [illegible]bed as a result [illegible] from the use of [illegible] to mental disturbances from earlier years, with the brain easily affected, the use or abuse of morphia and sedatives and narcotics made a ready physical, mental and moral victim of me. I earnestly pray Almighty God to pardon my yielding to such habits, and trust they may be an awful warning to others similarly tempted and assailed, seeing to what indescribably fearful consequences they have led in my case."

"LIBERTY of the press," says the Supreme Court of Louisiana, "is a term which imports freedom from any censorship over what shall be published—exemption from control in advance over the dissemination of [illegible]. One may be mulcted in damages for what he has published, but there is no authority that has the right to say what a man shall or shall not publish beforehand."

"ARE not things beautifully mixed when people in a State can't tell from one year to another whether county elections will be held or not, and if held, whether it is done in conformity with the laws?" asks the *Calistogan*. Yes, they are; and it may be appropriately dubbed a (new) constitutional mixture, but the patient does not like the dose.

ACCORDING to the San Diego papers the travel to the Calico mines is greatly on the increase. Both the stage lines running out to that district carry large loads of passengers, and refuse many because they are unable to provide sufficient transportation.

THE Alameda *Encinal* has enlarged its form by [illegible] long column. This is an evidence of prosperity on the part of a vigorous, newsy and well-conducted interior paper, and by the way, one of the best printed of all the country papers.

IT appears that Gilbert Burns Begg, the nephew of Robert Burns, aged 81, is an inmate of the poorhouse at Glasgow. The *Christian Leader*, a Scottish paper, appeals to the charitable on his behalf.

PROFESSOR PETERS, in the Utica *Herald*, throws light on the expected brilliancy of the new comet, and thinks it will be a very ordinary affair, so far as it will appear to mundane observers.

IT is now thought that tanning can be made a large and very profitable industry in southern California.

THE PENNSYLVANIA INDEPENDENTS.

The Independent Republicans of Pennsylvania are going to work with energy and prudence. Their Convention has adopted a platform which makes Civil Service reform the test question of the campaign, and which at the same time invites the support of all who believed in Garfield and his policy. The denunciation of "bossism," political assessments, "machine" politics, and all the abuses which have come to characterize the "regular" organization in Pennsylvania, will undoubtedly appeal strongly to thousands of Republicans who have long been dissatisfied with the rule of the "Bosses," and who are now offered an opportunity to repudiate the latter without going outside of the party. The nominations of the Independents appear to be good, and they have an additional element of strength in the adhesion of United States Senator Mitchell. This revolt is incidentally a condemnation of the Administration, and it will demonstrate to what extent "stalwartism" is really opposed by the masses of the Republicans in spite of the great States. It is the most important political movement that has occurred since "Grantism" was repudiated and broken down at Chicago, and it is in the same line. It must be regarded, in the light of the Independent platform, as embodying much more than a local quarrel. It is the protest of the Republicans who hoped that in President Garfield they were to find a political reformer who would put an end to "machine" politics, encourage Civil Service reform, and restore his party to the vigorous and healthy condition in which it was at the beginning of Grant's first term.

Whether the optimistic view of Garfield's intentions was well grounded or not, need not be considered here. It is enough that he had been elected on a distinct basis of opposition to "Grantism" and "Bossism," and that the enthusiasm behind him represented the hopes and expectations of the reform element in the party. That element has reluctantly and slowly reached the conclusion that it cannot rely upon the present Administration to take up and carry forward the Garfield ideas; that, on the contrary, it has given itself wholly into the hands of the "Stalwarts." Believing, then, that it is useless to look for any voluntary reform in that direction, and unwilling longer to support leaders who abuse their opportunities and degrade their party, these Republicans have at last determined to separate themselves from "Bossism" altogether, and to see whether it is not possible to rebuke that faction by showing it that it neither is nor controls the Republican party.

The Independents have taken all that is sound in the Republican doctrine, with the one exception of Protection, and it could not be expected that any party in Pennsylvania would be able at present to free itself from that abuse. In all other respects the platform is strong and clean and clear, and Republicans can stand upon it without any qualms or doubts. The best feature of it is the emphatic assertion of the necessity of Civil Service reform. This vital issue is thus brought to the front and fixed there. The voters of Pennsylvania will have to declare themselves upon it, and the canvass will serve as an educational agency from which the whole country will benefit. For the first time the spoilsmen will be forced on the defensive. They have never been really troubled by their "machine" principles before, because their only formidable opponents were the Democrats, and everyone knows that the Democrats hold to the spoils doctrine quite as strongly as the Republicans. Now, however, the conditions are changed. The spoilsmen are called upon to support their practice by argument, and they assuredly have a very disagreeable task before them.

The force of the new movement may be gathered from the admissions of its supporters. They declare that for many years past the Republicans of Pennsylvania have not been represented at all. Senator Stewart, the nominee for Governor, in accepting the honor conferred upon him by the Convention, said: "The honest convictions of the Republicans of Pennsylvania have not found expression in any real Convention held during the last decade." There is a great deal of significance in this. When the intelligence and honesty of a party has submitted to repression and misrepresentation for ten years, and at last revolts against corruption and partisan tyranny, it brings to the act of rebellion the accumulated exasperation and indignation of those ten years of misrule, and is thus supplied with a fund of energy very much more than sufficient to carry it through a campaign.

So respectable, earnest, patriotic and vigorous is this movement that it seems possible for it to carry the State. But whether it can disintegrate the spoils ring at once, or can only defeat it by handing over the State to the Democrats, we cannot doubt that it will destroy "Bossism" in Pennsylvania, and shake "Stalwartism" in its intrenchments throughout the country. For the opposition dare not enter upon a free discussion of the points in issue. It dare not undertake to defend the spoils system and all that it involves, openly. The justification of corruption is beyond even the hardihood of the "Bosses," and therefore it will be forced to let the main question go by default. And this is but the beginning of the end. The reform element of the Republican party will follow the example set it in Pennsylvania, and the attempt to restore "Grantism" will be condemned even more emphatically than it was at Chicago last year. The independent movement in Pennsylvania consequently is of national interest and importance, and tens of thousands of sound Republicans throughout the Union will desire the success of the bold champions of reform and party regeneration.

THE ARREARS OF RENT BILL.

So far as can be gathered from the imperfect descriptions of the measure which have been telegraphed, the arrears of rent bill appears to offer the most important advantages to the Irish tenant farmers, though at a cost to the Government of very dangerous concessions. It is said that its effect will be to lift some 300,000 tenants out of a perfect Slough of Despond, by relieving them of the hopeless burden of from ten to fifteen years arrears of rent, which they never could have paid, and which made them helpless, and little better than serfs. The relief will, it is said, extend altogether to nearly 600,000 tenants, representing 3,500,000 souls. It will give all these people a fresh chance in life. They will start out free from debt, so far as rent is concerned, and with the amount of one year's rent in their hands. Such a measure can only be characterized as revolutionary. It will change the condition of more than half the Irish people, and, in conjunction with the Land Act, it ought to enable them to assume an entirely new and greatly improved position. It would seem that with the complete accomplishment of the changes involved in this most radical measure the principle grievances of Ireland must cease to exist. Causes of dissatisfaction no doubt will remain so long as home rule has not been granted, but the important point is that these grievances will thenceforward be solely political ones, and will not be complicated by questions of popular suffering, indigence and debt. Of course if the tenants do not help themselves they can easily drift back into their former embarrassment. The Government cannot prevent men from getting in debt, though it may pay their debts. But when the best is said that can be conceived for the possibilities of the Irish situation, the Government has still another great difficulty to encounter, and that is the effect of this measure upon the people of England and Ireland. If the tenants of Ireland are to have their debts remitted, why not the tenants of the rest of the United Kingdom? There are struggling and embarrassed farmers in Scotland and England who would be very glad to have the Government come to their relief, and sponge off the slate for them. There are landlords in England and Scotland who would welcome a proposal even for the scaling of their arrearages, if the Government would undertake to pay them three-fourths of the amount. And then there are the taxpayers who are neither landlords nor tenants, but who may very naturally object to being made to pay the bills of both these classes. In short there are the germs of infinite trouble and mischief in the new bill, and even though it should go far towards pacifying Ireland, it may nevertheless prove to have been an almost fatal mistake.

THE GENUINE COUNTERFEIT BONDS.

The Government and Treasury Department may well be agitated if the report be true that impressions of the plates from which the bonds are printed have been procured by counterfeiters, and nobody knows how many bonds struck off by them. For it is evident that if this is the case it will be almost impossible to distinguish between the true and the false bonds. Being struck off from the same plates they must be identical, and we suppose that the counterfeits could only be detected by a painful tracing up of the disposition and numbering of the genuine ones. Even discovery of duplications would not afford any clue, since it would then be next to impossible to determine which of the duplicates was the real bond. Nor can the Government have any guarantee that it has got to the bottom of this business, for no matter how many impressions of the dies may be surrendered or discovered, it is always possible and even probable that as many more have escaped detection or been withheld. It is highly improbable that the men who had such a "bonanza" would be willing to give it up, especially as they must be fully aware of the Government's helplessness. And it is evident that the effect of this most alarming discovery upon the bonds themselves must be very serious. It appears that copies, or to speak more correctly, duplicates, of bonds have been struck off in unknown quantities, and that the makers of these duplicates still hold the dies. The Government cannot ascertain how many duplicate bonds have been put on the market, nor can it put a stop to the duplication of these bonds. It is therefore possible that the holders of all such bonds may be panic-struck, and that they may depreciate, and it is difficult to see what course the Government can take in the circumstances. Should Congress be appealed to to protect the issue by guaranteeing the payment of all bonds of that issue—a resort which might be thought necessary because of the impossibility of distinguishing the false from the true bonds—this measure would perhaps only serve as a premium upon counterfeiting, since it would secure a market for as many new duplicates as the forgers could make. The situation appears to be the most serious that has ever occurred in connection with the Government securities, and it does not seem that the Treasury Department is at all confident of its ability to cure the evil. Two absolutely indispensable factors are lacking, viz., knowledge of the number of bonds duplicated, and assurance as to the cessation of the business. At present, in fact, the counterfeiters hold the trump cards, and the Government detectives have nothing in their hands. How this will end it is impossible to conjecture, but it is already apparent that it may produce very serious and mischievous complications.

A BUNKO MAN'S POLICY.

The rascal who decoyed the venerable Charles Francis Adams into his den, and then swindled him out of checks for $20,000, has been put on trial, no doubt greatly to his surprise, and not a little to the shaking of his favorite theory. According to his own confession he had been for a long time practicing the same kind of fraud upon well-connected and highly-respectable persons. He did not attempt to persuade them that they were not being robbed, but boldly relied upon their fear of what society would say of them, to obtain his plunder. It appears that his knowledge of the weakness of most men under such circumstances had stood him in good stead until he tried the trick on Charles Francis Adams. He then discovered that John Quincy Adams was in no way disposed to pay $20,000 for the privilege of keeping his father's name out of the papers, and that on the contrary he was very firmly resolved to arrest and prosecute the impudent scoundrel who had the hardihood to come to him with a demand for the money. This case shows, however, what indeed has never been a secret to shrewd observers, that for the most part a swindler can safely trade upon the fear men entertain of public opinion. Here is a "bunko-steerer" who hardly took any trouble to deceive his victims, being confident that if he once got them into his den, and had induced them to play at some of his swindling games, they would submit to blackmail rather than have the fact known. No doubt in most cases it is mere egotism that makes men submit to these frauds. They cannot endure that their friends should have the opportunity of laughing at them, or should be given reason to think lightly of their sagacity. This the "bunko-steerer" knows, and he traffics securely upon the frailties of mankind. John Quincy Adams, however, has shown how to deal with this class of cases. Before a resolute purpose the swindler is defenseless, and then his turn for punishment arrives, as in the present instance.

FROM BAD TO WORSE.

The Russian Government is behaving very badly about the Jewish persecution. Its brutal apathy is encouraging the populace to greater extremes, and the latest intelligence is to the effect that a mob has burned a Jewish village, and amused itself by roasting the Jewish babies alive. Meanwhile the Czar's Council goes on discussing provisions which shall make the residence of the Jews in Russia intolerable, and the Russian press is forbidden to publish any more accounts of the outrages. The Czar shows phenomenal folly in this, to say nothing of his inhumanity. The education in cruelty and bloodthirstiness which he is giving his barbarous subjects may at no distant period lead them to demand other and greater victims than the poor Jews, and then, when his own palaces and those of his nobles are burning, and the same brutal hands which now toss Jewish babies into the fire, are doing the same to Russian children, the world will perhaps look on, shrug its shoulders, and remark that the Czar showed his people the way or they would never have found it.

A WAY TO CELEBRATE.—Several newspapers have of late been talking about wanting some new way suggested of celebrating the Fourth of July. The Yolo *Mail* makes a suggestion, by which each neighborhood can have its own celebration. That paper says: "Take the money heretofore spent for tomfoolery and give it to the speakers and poets and musicians. Offer prizes for the best essays and declamations on the subjects of Republics and Freedom and Political Economy. Give the young people an impetus to learn something of the history of our nation, and let the Fourth of July be a day when all work is laid aside and each and every citizen shows his love of country by giving at least one day to a genuine celebration and thankfulness of its establishment."

The latest esthetic slang the ladies use when reproving their admiring gentlemen friend is: "You flatter too awfully perfectly much."

HOME AND ABROAD.

Fatal Tunnel Accidents—Reign of Terror in Louisiana—Proceedings in Congress—The Governor of Missouri and the James Gang—Presbyterian General Assembly—Scaffold Accident at Chicago—The Sharpe-Conkling Controversy—The Baptists and the Chinese Bill—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

DOMESTIC NEWS.

United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 25th.—The bill to reimburse the Creek orphan fund was taken up—35 to 15. [It appropriates a quarter of a million dollars.]

The bill went over, and the Senate considered the Japanese indemnity bill, which also went over without action, and the Senate adjourned.

House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, May 25th.—The Mackey-Dibble contested election case was called up by Collins immediately after the reading of the journal.

Randall raised the question of consideration, and Kenna interjected a motion to adjourn, on which Randall demanded the ayes and noes.

A motion to adjourn was lost—ayes 0, noes 133.

The Speaker submitted the request of Curtin, for leave of absence until Thursday on account of important business.

Hoar and Randall objected.

Randall demanded the ayes and noes. Leave of absence was refused—ayes 13, noes 134.

Kenna then moved that when the House adjourned it be until Saturday, while Randall moved to amend it by substituting Monday.

Randall's motion was lost by a vote of 146 to 1.

Kenna's motion was lost by a vote of 149 to 1, Wood of New York voting with the Republicans.

Filibustering was then continued.

Shortly before 3 further proceedings under the call were dispensed with, and the question recurred on the motion for a recess. Lost by ayes 3—Hardenberg of New Jersey, Phelps of Connecticut and Blackwood of New York—noes 144.

The Speaker cast a vote in order to make a quorum.

Roll call followed roll call upon dilatory motions until 4:45, when the quorum was again broken. Then, after another call of the House, 5 o'clock having arrived, the House took a recess until 8.

When the House reassembled the galleries were well filled, and on the floor there was a much larger attendance than is usually secured at a night session.

A call of the House was interrupted several times by other roll calls on motions to excuse various members from the evening session, and was not concluded until 9:45, when further proceedings under the call were dispensed with, and the question recurred on a motion made prior to recess, that when the House adjourns to-day it be to meet on Monday next.

The Republicans were able to secure only 118 votes on this point. Consequently there was no quorum, and the House adjourned.

The Situation in the House.

WASHINGTON, May 25th. — There are rumors to-night of trouble in the House to-morrow on the point of order made to-day by McCord[illegible], and withdrawn, that the quorum consideration could not be raised against a contested election case. The Speaker has been seen in frequent consultation with prominent Republicans, and he had a written statement that was averred to be a decision on some such point of order as was raised by the Iowa member. Mr. Miller, of the Elections Committee, understood the point to be based on the constitutional power vested in the House to judge of the qualification and election of its members. The House for such purpose consisted of a quorum of its members. The question of the right of a member to his seat was of the highest privilege, and no rule of the House could be exercised by the minority to prevent a quorum from performing its constitutional right, and should the Speaker sustain the ruling he would refuse to entertain any dilatory motions from the Democrats. Congressman Carlisle (Democrat) said there was a long line of precedents to sustain the ruling that a member to raise a question of consideration against an election case, and to say that a member had not the right to move to adjourn would be to brand its author as a fool. If a Speaker should rule that a question of consideration could not be raised, an appeal would be made and filibustering resumed on the appeal. This morning a list of two squads of Democrats was made out, one gang to relieve the other at intervals in the filibustering, to allow time for rest. Randall, Carlisle, Blackburn and Kenner were assigned as lobbyists, and Messrs. Ermentrout and Clark as whippers-in.

Capital Notes.

WASHINGTON, May 25th.—Page presented in the House to-day a petition of the Viticultural Commission of California, asking for the passage of the bill taxing the imitation of still and sparkling wine, and to prevent their adulteration. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Purchases of silver bullion at the Treasury Department to-day amounted to 285,000 ounces. Offers of delivery of 535,000 ounces more at prices above London were rejected.

Senator Miller's joint resolution authorizing the President to declare martial law in Alaska, has been considered by the Judiciary Committee, and will be reported adversely.

Samuel J. Hilborn, of Vallejo, is expected to be appointed United States District Attorney next month. Senator Miller has filed Hilborn's papers at the Department of Justice, and recommended the appointment.

The Sharpe-Conkling Controversy.

CINCINNATI, May 25th.—The *Commercial's* Albany special says: Ex-Speaker George H. Sharpe has been questioned by several friends in relation to Conkling's comments in the New York *Herald* on the Senatorial struggle.

"Did you inspire the article in the Kingston *Freeman* which drew out this statement of Conkling?" he was asked.

"I did not," replied the ex-Speaker. "I had no knowledge of its existence until it was in print. The article appeared in the *Freeman* of Friday last. I was here at the time, and did not return to Kingston until Sunday; but I had no connection with the article whatever. Mr. Marseilles, the editor of the paper, is responsible for it, and I think he knows how to take care of himself. You know how the *Freeman* was one of the three or four stalwart papers that advocated Conkling's re-election. Marseilles was here a great deal during the struggle, and has a good deal of personal knowledge of the subject."

"A year ago it was reported, and the statement has frequently been repeated since, that at a conference of stalwarts in New York in May previous to the election, you made a speech, in which you earnestly urged Conkling to go to Albany and seek a re-election."

"I never made such a speech. It is a falsehood."

"Did you advise Conkling to go to Albany and seek a re-election?"

"No. Mr. Conkling does not give the names of the men who advised him to go to Albany. I should like to know their names. I don't know who they were, and yet I think I would have known if any one knew them. Let Conkling disclose the names of these men, and expose them to the shame of having given him such advice. Whom did he consult in Washington before resigning his place as United States Senator? Did he consult any of his friends here or in this State? He never consulted them. He went back on them, and now seeks to put his defeat for re-election on their shoulders. Yes, let us know who was responsible for that defeat."

Governor Crittenden and the James Gang.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—It has been ascertained from a member of Governor Crittenden's party, in this city, now on his return to Missouri, that he will conclude negotiations for the surrender of Frank James, and possibly other members of the James gang, and thus put an end to the organization of brigands in Missouri. Frank James is now in Jackson county, and instead of meditating more mischief is represented as being anxious to make the best terms possible for himself. Governor Crittenden is fully informed as to his whereabouts, and means to have him in custody inside of ten days. It is asserted that the whole James gang will be broken up. The plans are all laid, and only await the Governor's return for the execution.

Smelting Works Destroyed by Fire.

LEADVILLE (Col.), May 25th.—Early this morning the Grant Company's smelting works were completely destroyed by fire. The origin of the fire is supposed to have been an explosion in the furnace. The loss is estimated at between $300,000 and $500,000; insurance, $65,000. These works were the largest of the kind in the world. Over 300 men are thrown out of employment here and quite a number at Omaha, where the refining works of this company are located. The works will be rebuilt.

Reign of Terror in Louisiana.

BATON ROUGE, May 25th.—A reign of terror exists in St. Martin's parish over the lynching of Joseph E. Jenkins and Eugene Azar, a negro, on the 16th instant. Bands of armed negroes are going about in St. Martinsville swearing vengeance, and a war of races is imminent. Sixteen of the lynchers have been arrested, and are now in the parish jail. The lynching of the two men was particularly atrocious. Jenkins' hands were not tied, and when he grasped the rope the lynchers broke both of his arms. His wife, who was among the spectators, also earnestly begged for his life. He had the week previously waylaid his brother-in-law, Raphael Castille, near the Breaux bridge, and shot and killed him. Azar had been arrested some time previous for killing a young man at Thibodeaux, but at the inquest the killing appeared to be in self-defense, and he was let out on $300 bail.

The Presbyterian General Assembly.

SPRINGFIELD (Ill.), May 25th.—In the General Assembly this morning the action by which the majority and minority reports on home missions was referred to a special committee was reconsidered, and the reports were sent to the standing committee. The report of the Board of Education occupied considerable time, and created the most interesting feature of the session. During the morning a dispatch was received from the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church now in session at Atlanta, Ga., as follows:

In order to remove all difficulties in the way of that full and formal fraternal correspondence which on our part we are prepared to accept, we adopt the following minute, to wit: that while receding from no principle, we do hereby declare our regret for and the withdrawal of all expressions of our Assembly which may be regarded as reflecting upon or offensive to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Churches of America.

Resolved, That a copy of this paper be sent to the General Assembly now in session at Springfield, Ill., for their prayerful consideration, and mutatis mutandis, for their reciprocal concurrence, as affording a basis for the exchange of delegates forthwith.

R. K. SMOAT, Moderator.

JAMES R. WILSON, Clerk.

This was received with great delight and referred to the Committee on Correspondence, and it is understood will elicit a most cordial response.

The Baptists and the Chinese Question.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—At to-day's session of the American Baptist Home Missionary Society Jubilee Meeting, the Committee on Chinese Missions presented a report, which was adopted, taking grounds against the anti-Chinese bill. Rev. G. W. Lasher, of Ohio, presented a report recommending that the Society expend $200,000 in missionary work among the foreign population of this country.

The Christiancy Divorce Case—Testimony of the Ex-Senator.

WASHINGTON, May 25th.—In the Christiancy divorce suit, the testimony of ex-Senator Christiancy is being taken. In connection with it several important letters have been put in, among them a letter written by Christiancy on the 18th of August, 1878, to his wife's father, W. Lugenbeel, with regard to Mrs. Christiancy's alleged bad conduct. It begins with reference to correspondence between himself and Miss Lugenbeel before their marriage, correspondence in which Christiancy says he endeavored to carefully and scrupulously convince her that she ought not to marry him, and in which he insisted many times that she should reconsider the matter. He admitted that he loved her, and said if after a full and mature consideration she still wished to marry him, he would consent. He declared that she still wished him to make her his wife, and as a gentleman he had only one course to take. The marriage took place, and if the love which she professed for him had really existed, nothing, he says, could have made him happier. On the morning of the wedding, however, she heard of the return of James Lugenbeel and fainted. When they reached Philadelphia, and were alone, she told him she had been engaged to Lugenbeel; that the engagement had been broken, and she did not know how deeply she loved him until his name was mentioned. She said she had perjured herself in her marriage vows, was miserable, and wanted a divorce forthwith. When they returned to this city, all went well until she met Lugenbeel in an art gallery, and from that time she seemed dejected and desperate, and again asked for a divorce. Soon after this Frank Anderson became attentive to her, and her affections seemed to attach themselves alternatively to him and to Lugenbeel. Again came the frenzy for a divorce. Finally she quieted down and appeared to think more of her husband. After she returned in August, 1876, her love for Anderson broke out afresh, and her hatred for her husband increased. She also had a fondness for Sam Register, of Baltimore, and for one Mayer. She often declared she wished her husband dead, and said he was all that stood between her and happiness. Christiancy then refers to the fact that his wife went to the Healing Springs in preference to going to Saratoga or Kansas with him, and says he felt suspicious that she had gone to the springs with some old lover, and when she wrote him she taunted him with being old; did not pretend to love him; said she would not live with him; that she would spend all the money she pleased; that she would run him in debt, and that she wanted a divorce. The husband replied that he could not quarrel with her, nor would he be ruined in the way she proposed.

The Tombstone Postmastership.

WASHINGTON, May 25th.—The *Critic* says: The long-contested squabble over the Postmastership at Tombstone, Arizona, was settled finally to-day by the commissioning of F. C. Brookes as Postmaster. Postmaster John P. Clum, the incumbent, was a strong candidate for reappointment, was nominated by the President and confirmed by the Senate some time since, but his commission was held up, and in the meantime Brooks received the nomination, and was also confirmed, and his commission withheld for several months during the hotly-contested fight over the matter by friends of both parties, in which revolvers and other implements of war freely figured. Clum, besides being Postmaster, is Mayor of Tombstone, and has at various times been compelled to flee the wrath of a certain faction there hostile to his reign. More trouble is apprehended when Brooks endeavors to take possession of the office as Postmaster.

The Pennsylvania Political Situation.

WASHINGTON, May 25th.—The Republican members of the Pennsylvania delegation in Congress regard with apprehension the action of the Philadelphia Independent Convention yesterday. The nominations are conceded to be of a good character, and likely to command the support of many Republican voters. While there is no disposition to predict the defeat of the nominees of the Harrisburg Convention, there is a general feeling that the Democrats have a chance to capture the State.

The Delaware Greenbackers.

WILMINGTON, May 25th.—The Greenback State Convention—five delegates, all from Sussex county—met to-day. John Jackson, of Hockessen, was nominated for Governor, and J. Albert Whittock, editor of the Newcastle *Star*, for Congressman.

The Oklahama Invaders Taken into Camp

WASHINGTON, May 25th.—Secretary Lincoln has information that Payne and twenty-nine other colonists, while attempting to invade Indian Territory, were captured by troops sent out from Fort Reno, and taken back to Kansas. The authorities have not decided what disposition to make of them.

The Louisville Races.

LOUISVILLE, May 25th.—The track was fast, and the weather warm to-day. The first race, club purse for two-year-olds, three-quarters of a mile, was won by Bonneretta, a brother to Grinstead, second, Beechen Brook third. Time, 1:17¼. In the second race, tobacco stakes, for all ages, one and one-sixteenth mile heats, Bodjack won the first heat, Ben d'Or the second and third. Time, 1:49¾—1:49—1:51¼. The third race, a post stake for two-year-olds, three-quarters of a mile, was won by Punster by a head, Bondholder second, Clipsetta third. Time, 1:15¾. The fourth race, Falls City handicap, one and a half miles, was won by Aleck Ament, Glenellen and George Hakes a dead heat for second place. Time, 2:37.

Carpenters Killed and Injured.

CHICAGO, May 25th.—A number of Swedish carpenters working on a coal shed at the corner of Erie and Robert streets, this morning, fell from a scaffold to the ground, twenty-five feet. One was killed outright, one was fatally and two badly hurt.

The Curtis Case.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—The jury in the case of General Curtis, Special Treasury Agent, have rendered a verdict of guilty on the final and eighth count, which charged the defendant with receiving, while in the employ of the United States, money or other things of value, for political purposes. A motion in arrest of judgment was made, and June 2d was set for argument.

Three Men Killed in a Tunnel.

UNION HILL (N. J.), May 25th.—The new tunnel of the New York, Ontario and Western Railway fell in to-day, killing three laborers.

The Man who Bunkoed Charles Francis Adams.

BOSTON, May 25th.—James Fitzgerald has been found guilty of bunkoing Charles Francis Adams.

The Missing Girl.

ST. LOUIS, May 25th.—It is reliably stated that the missing girl, Zoe Watkins, has been found, but no particulars are given.

Strikers Returned to Work.

READING (Pa.), May 25th.—The striking operatives of the Reading cotton mill have returned to work at 10 per cent. reduction after a five weeks' struggle.

Disaster in the Hudson River Tunnel.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—A portion of a section of one of the shafts of the Hudson river tunnel caved in to-day, killing one man instantly and fatally injuring two others.

Railroad Commission Bill Passed.

ALBANY, May 25th.—The Senate—15 ayes, 14 noes—accepted the amendment proposed by the Democrats, that the next Governor shall appoint Railroad Commissioners, and the railroad commission bill passed with but one dissenting vote.

Accidentally Shot and Killed by His Brother.

PUEBLO (Col.), May 25th.—While Alderman A. T. Stewart was examining a rifle to-day, the weapon was accidentally discharged, the ball passing through a partition and entering the heart of the Alderman's brother Edward, killing him instantly. The Coroner's jury found a verdict of accidental shooting.

Reported Railroad Sale.

DALLAS (Tex.), May 25th.—It is reported in railroad circles that the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railroad Company have purchased the Chicago, Texas and Mexican Railroad for $19,000 per mile.

Court-House Burned.

CHATTANOOGA (Tenn.), May 25th.—The Court-house at Centre, Cherokee county, Ala., with all the records, was burned to-day. Loss heavy, and not insured.

A Venerable Church.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—The Collegiate Dutch Church in this city to-night celebrated its 249th anniversary.

Phenomenal Weather in North Carolina.

WINSTON, May 25th.—Captain Caldwell, who has just returned here from Balsam mountain, in the western part of the State, says that when he got into the valley of the mountain he was overtaken by a heavy snow-storm, which had been falling all night. He was lost in the drifts, and only got out after a hard struggle. He was nearly frozen. Balsam mountain is on the line between North and South Carolina, and the thermometer stood at 33° there when Caldwell left.

Jesse James' Widow and Children.

KANSAS CITY (Mo.), May 25th.—The widow of Jesse James is keeping house here. She has signed a contract to furnish facts for a lecture on the adventures of the bandit, and to sit on the stage with her two children while it is being delivered. She is realizing considerable money by the sale of pictures of her husband and little ones—a boy aged 7 and a girl of 5.

Crop Prospects in Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, May 25th.—The State Department of Agriculture says: "The reports received are not calculated to inspire confidence for the average crop. Corn planting has been delayed by rains and cold weather, and much of the seed rotted in the ground. Chinch-bugs are seen in large numbers in various places, and the army-worm is beginning to work. Both are liable to do much damage."

Political "Shake Up" in New York.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—The *Times'* Washington correspondent says: It is rumored that the politicians are soon to be aroused by a sort of "shake up" from New York city to Buffalo. It is impossible at present to ascertain whether the sweep of officers is to be so clean as to include all who are suspected of lukewarmness towards the Administration, or whether the postoffice in New York is marked as one of the places which is to be reformed.

The Heirs of a Large Estate Get Their Rights.

DALLAS (Tex.), May 25th.—The Supreme Court has decided the suit of the Grigsby heirs against about 300 citizens of Dallas, to recover some 3,000 acres of land in the city and county which belonged to what is known as the Grigsby survey. The decision is in favor of the heirs, and gives them the property, which, with the improvements, is valued at nearly $2,000,000.

Arrival of Immigrants.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—Three steamships landed 2,500 immigrants at Castle Garden Tuesday

ORIGINAL DEFECTIVE

...RECORD-UNION.
...MAY 26, 1882

ADVERTISEMENT MENTION.

...olitan Theater—"Saml of Posen."
...y meeting at Grand Army Hall.
...M. C. A. entertainment Wednesday evening.
Delinquent taxes—This is the last day.
Sacramento Lodge, F. and A. M., meets to-night.
Hussars' drill in uniform to-night.
Caledonian Club—Special meeting to-night.
Fourth of July—Fantastics meet to-night.
A card from W. W. Downing.
Land League picnic Sunday.

Business Advertisements.

Weinstock & Lubin—Dolmans and wraps.
Thomas Bromley—Summer suits.
International Hotel—Rooms, with board.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

SWINDLERS ARRESTED.—Information was received on Wednesday last from Truckee by special officer Barke, of the railroad detective force, that a Chinaman had been duped at that place and swindled out of $500 by a confidence operator, who pawned for that amount with the Chinaman what he represented to be a bar of gold bullion of the value of $5,000. Subsequently the Chinaman had the bar tested, and found that his cupidity had got the better of his judgment, as the bar was counterfeit. The matter was placed by Burke in the hands of officer Tim Lee and Deputy Sheriff William Arlington to work up, and they yesterday arrested two men, George S. Cooke and John Rose, who have a reputation of being sharpers, as being concerned in the matter. It is said that Cooke is the party who received the money from the Chinaman. It is further said that another man and a woman are also concerned. The four had been in Truckee about a week and received the brick in a satchel checked from Reno. The identity and whereabouts of the third party and woman are now unknown. Yesterday officers Lee and Arlington found Rose and Cooke on the street at Fourth and K, arrested and confined them in the station-house. It was ascertained that they were stopping at a lodging-house on Fourth street, between K and L, and had baggage there. Later a report came that the third man was at the lodging-house. Officers Lee and Brickell went to the house immediately, and found that he had just left with two valises. The trail was followed to a room in the City Hotel. The door of the room was unlocked for the officers by the clerk, and the occupant was found in the act of searching the valises. The man proved to be C. E. Martin, who was arrested recently for embezzlement of funds of a circus company and discharged for want of jurisdiction by the Police Court. He was taken to jail and will probably be prosecuted for burglary, as the officers do not believe that he was concerned in the gold brick fraud. They think he might have known something about the party and by sharp practice got possession of their baggage. When Cooke was arrested he had in his possession $87 in coin, a diamond pin, a diamond ring and a fine watch, the jewelry being valued at $700. City Attorney Anderson, on behalf of the victim, has attached this property. The prisoners have employed Isaac S. Brown as their counsel.

MERCHANDISE REPORT.—The following freight passed Odcon for Sacramento on the 22d instant: For N. S. Arnold & Co., 1 box bolts; Terry McMorry, 1 box licorice; Thos. Harper, 1 box shoes; B. Cohen, 4 boxes pict ure frames, 1 box oil paintings; Huntington, Hopkins & Co., 2 boxes finishing nails, 2 boxes vulcanized fiber, 1 bale packing, 285 bales steel; W. F. Peterson, 3 tubs and 1 box maple sugar; Adams, McNeill & Co., 40 boxes maple sugar; A. A. Van Voorhies & Co., 1 case celluloid mariteas rings; Weinstock & Lubin, 4 boxes shoes; Hobby & Co., 1 car stone fruit-jars; G. W. Chesley & Co., 80 boxes flasks; Scott & Muir, 1 box gas fixtures; G. B. Corwin, 2 cases cigars; Whittier, Fuller & Co., 2 cases molding; Bidwell & Cook, 4 boxes maple sugar; E. G. Hopkins, 5 tubs and 5 boxes maple sugar; Kirk, Geary & Co., 88 boxes bottles; A. Dennery & Co., 10 boxes bottles; Hall, Luhrs & Co., 50 boxes soap, 23 barrels ham, 500 cases oysters; Lindley & Co., 50 boxes soap; W. A. Butterfield, 4 boxes maple sugar; John T. Stoll, 1 box hardware; W. A. & C. S. Houghton, 1 box ruled paper; E. Lyon & Co., 1 box hosiery, 2 boxes dry goods, 3 boxes cotton goods, 1 box worsted goods.

POLICE COURT.—Yesterday these cases were disposed of by the Police Court: P. Kelly was fined $50, T. Trainor was fined $40 for misdemeanor, and Ah Jim, for petit larceny, was fined $30, each being given the privilege of paying their respective fines in coin, or by serving out in the County Jail a day for each dollar of the fine. These cases were dismissed: Lom Sam, misdemeanor, and Ah Sam, petit larceny. Jim Green pleaded guilty to being drunk and was fined $10 or ten days in the city prison. John Brady acknowledged a similar impeachment against his sobriety and was rewarded in the same manner. The cases of Ah Sing, Ah Sovey and Ah Goey, charged with running a game of fan tan, were continued to May 27th. Mrs. Thomas, battery, continued to June 2d, and Taomas Fitzgerald was discharged from the imputation of having disturbed the peace.

GRAIN PROSPECT.—A gentleman in this city yesterday from Colusa county states that the grain crop in that county, notwithstanding what has been said to the contrary, will be a good average crop. Barley upon summer-fallowed land, which was ripening at the time of the recent north wind, will be shrunken in berry to some extent, but that which was winter-sown is looking well. He thinks the grain crop of Colusa county taken together will be an average crop, which is much better than former reports from that section. Some portions of the upper Sacramento country is said to be under unusually fine grain prospects to the present time.

ODD FELLOWS' PRIZES.—The Committee on Award of Prizes for compositions competed for at the Odd Fellows' Picnic have made the following awards: Prize for a boy between 13 and 16 years of age, to Charles A. Williams; subject, "Idleness"; age, 14. Prize for girl between 13 and 16 years of age, to Katie Wadsworth; subject, "Sutter's Fort;" age, 16. Prize for a boy under 13 years of age, to Charles F. Consaul; subject, "Politeness;" age, 11. Prize to a girl under 13 years, to Libbie Smith; subject, "A Trip to Wisconsin;" age, 11 years.

NOTARIES APPOINTED.—R. C. Long has been appointed as Notary Public for Butte county, to reside at Gridley; Wm. P. Melvin for Alameda county, to reside at East Oakland; A. Burrows for Nevada county, to reside at Grass Valley; Robert B. Patton for Nevada county, to reside at Sweetland; E. G. Watkins for Mono county, to reside at Patterson; J. J. Warner for Los Angeles county, to reside at Los Angeles; E. O. Miller for Tulare county, to reside at Visalia.

GLASS BALLS.—At Elk Grove, next Sunday, three teams will compete for a prize of $50 in shooting at glass balls. Each person is to shoot at 50 balls. The names of the shooters are as follows: First team, Messrs. Gillespie Coons and Dan Stevens; second, Dwight Bascom and Frank Coons; third, Charles Graham and John Dolson. A special match is also talked of between Lafayette Derr and F. Coons for $100.

NEARLY A RUNAWAY.—Yesterday afternoon, at about 3:30 o'clock, Merrill Odell's horse came near indulging in a runaway. The animal was tied in front of his owner's shop, at Tenth and K streets, and, becoming frightened at a blanket which had got under his feet, began to kick and try to get away, but was stopped before much damage had been done. The dashboard was kicked to pieces.

BOARD OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS.—The Board of Police Commissioners met yesterday at 2 o'clock P. M., a full Board present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. The charges against officer Carroll were set for hearing Saturday, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The Board then adjourned until that hour.

WEDNESDAY'S RAIN.—S. H. Gerrish, of this city, reports the rainfall of Wednesday as amounting to .208 of an inch, making a total for the month of .239 of an inch, and for the season 14.960 inches. In 1881, for season to date, 23.302 inches; 1880, 23.705; 1879, 17.023; 1878, 23.069; 1877, 8.410; 1876, 26.280.

SACRAMENTO INSTITUTE.—The semi-annual examination of the students at the Sacramento Institute was closed yesterday. The commencement exercises will take place at the Metropolitan Theater on next Monday evening, at 7:30 o'clock.

LANSING ESTATE.—In the settlement of the estate of the late James Lansing, who was murdered by Simon Raten, Mrs. Lansing will retain the International Hotel, and conduct it, with assistants, the same as by her late husband.

TRADE MARK.—Castle Bros. & Loupe, of San Francisco, have filed a trade-mark in the office of the Secretary of State on baking powder. It consists of the word "Clock," with or without a prefix.

IMMIGRANTS.—One hundred and fifty-nine immigrants passed Carlin yesterday, to arrive here this afternoon, of whom 113 were males.

NOTTINGHAM lace curtain net, from $1 50 down to 5 cents per yard, at Hale's great special sale of A. T. Stewart & Co.'s goods.

BLACK CASHMERE.—All wool, double fold, 22½ cents per yard, at Hale's great sale of A. T. Stewart & Co.'s goods.

A JOB LOT of Porter & Co.'s San Francisco, kid, fixed, button shoes for misses; sizes, 1, 1½ and 2, for $1 25—one-half their usual value—at Red House.

SUMMER cassimere suit for $6 25, at Red House.

METROPOLITAN THEATER

A good house was called out at the Metropolitan Theater last night by the Curtis troupe. The play is "Saml of Posen," and it was evidently written for the "star" of the company, M. B. Curtis, who was well known here as a stock actor a few years ago, but who has recently found the measure of his capacity in character acting on the model of the Jewish commercial drummer. The play is a comedy with slices of melodrama rudely inserted into its composition. It is light, inconsequential, and has but a slender thread of a plot. In a literary sense, it is worthy of no consideration. When this is said, it is a relief to turn to the company, which is a pleasing one. It embraces that old-time actor, Harry Eytinge, in a part for which he is physically, as well as generally, admirably qualified, but it is beneath his ability, very far; J. N. Long, an old favorite, and Carrie Wyatt, a California-developed actress of promise, who have light parts. The real hard work of the play is done by two ladies—Miss Josie Wilmere, who makes an insignificant part a prominent one, and Miss Albina De Mar, the latter giving a specimen of dialect and character impersonation that is remarkably clever. Indeed, the lady, as the French woman, "Celeste," manifested more of ability, and made a deeper impression as to the true art work of difficult personation, than any other member of the company, proving herself to be a very skillful actress and an adept in her art. A new man, Charles Keane, was good, as an Irish porter, and doubled successfully as a Jewish pawnbroker, a feat Mr. Long could not accomplish with success, as the broken-down actor. Miss Rouse, Mr. Armstrong and Mr. Dalton completed the cast of the "support." Curtis, the head of the company, assumes the character of a Polish Jew from Posen, who, from a Bowery huckster, rises by honest dealing, wit and native shrewdness to a position of trust in a manufacturing jewelry establishment, and becomes its commercial traveler. This character he takes well. It is testified that his picture of the street peddler of New York is not exaggeration. As "Saml of Posen" Curtis has a dialect part full of talk, but with very little action. His sentences bristle with sharp sayings, a good many of them being of the order of popular slang. He presents the character with less exaggeration than is common, and succeeds in keeping his audience in a merry humor the entire evening. His part is a low comedy one, and probably shows him at his best. It certainly in his hands, however frivolous, wins for him the smiles and applause of his auditors, and as these bring the ducats in it makes little difference to him whether his art is of a very ordinary order or not. To-night "Saml of Posen" again.

ASSUMES COMMAND.

Brigadier-General Lewellyn Tozer, of the Fourth Brigade, N. G. C., has issued the following orders, assuming command of his brigade and appointing his staff:

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH BRIGADE, N. G. C.,
SACRAMENTO, May 25, 1882.

[General Orders No. 2.]

I. By virtue of the provisions of General Orders No. 17, s. from General Headquarters, State of California, Adjutant-General's office, dated at Sacramento, May 18, 1882, I hereby assume command of the Fourth Brigade, N. G. C., relieving Brigadier-General John F. Sheehan, ordered.

II. In assuming command the Brigadier-General is deeply impressed with the respons bility that will devolve upon him. The admirable manner in which his predecessor fulfilled the duties of the office—the result of which becomes apparent in the present condition of the different c mmands compising the brigade, as compared with their condition when he assumed the duties of Brigade Commander—deserves an honorable recognition, not only by the forces of the Fourth Brigade, but by the National Guard of the State. To discharge the duties of the office equally with General Sheehan, the Brigade Commander reocgnizes the labor to be done, and the interest that must be manifested, to enable him to make anything like a creditable comparison. He will, however, do the very best to maintain the present creditable efficiency of the brigade, and, if possible, elevate the *esprit de corps* of the different commands. To more effectually accomplish his purpose in this regard, the Brigade Commander relies on the officers and men to give him the assistance and co-operation they so cheerfully rendered to his predecessor.

III. Headquarters are established at No. 1022 Second street, where all official documents will be forwarded.

IV. The following appointments on the staff of the Brigadier-General commanding are hereby announced: H. W. Carroll to be Brigade Inspector, with the rank of Major. August Heilbron to be Ordnance Officer, with the rank of Major. Wm. J. Davis to be Engineer Officer, with the rank of Major. W. C. Van Fleet to be Judge Advocate, with the rank of Major. Harry A. Weaver to be Quartermaster, with the rank of Major. C. H. Hubbard to be Commissary, with the rank of Major. G. G. Tyrrell to be Surgeon, with the rank of Major. D. M. Burns to be Paymaster, with the rank of Major. W. L. Wallace to be Inspector of Rifle Practice, with the rank of Major. John A. Sheehan to be Aid-de-Camp, with the rank of Captain. They will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

V. Captain P. J. Harney, commanding Company B, First Artillery Regiment, is hereby detailed as acting Assistant Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff until further orders. LEWELLYN TOZER,
Brigadier-General Commanding Fourth Brigade, N. G. C.

CAMP FIRE.—Sacramento Camp, Boys in Blus, held its first camp fire for this year, at Howe's Hall, last night. About forty ex-soldiers and sailors of the army and navy of the Union were present. W. A. Houghton, Commander, presided. Hard-tack and pork and beans were served out, with coffee strong enough to float an iron wedge, the whole supplemented by clay pipes and contraband tobacco. The Boys in Blue were out for a jolly night, and they had it, with toast, speech, song, jest and repartee until after 11 o'clock. Of the regular toasts there was one of welcome with a speech of hearty greeting to Commander Houghton; "The Army and Navy" brought out G. W. Ficks in apt reply, while "The Republican Party" was responded to by Judge S. Solon Holl. "The Press" acknowledged the honor done it in a fitting response by S. E. Carrington. To the toast "The Grand Army of the Republic," H. Bennett responded fraternally. For "The Colored Troops," B. T. Johnson made the response. In behalf of "The Ladies," T. H. Barkey made an appropriate response. For "The Mexican Veterans," Mr. Schumacher replied. For "The Old Comrades," J. L. Skinner made a pertinent speech. To the toast "The Governor and the State Government," Judge Safford replied in a happy speech. In behalf of "The Pioneers of California," John Miller responded. After the regular toasts there were volunteer sentiments and several speeches. The camp fire was extinguished after the company had united, under the leadership of Fred Dustman, in singing "We'll Rally Round the Flag, Boys."

INSTITUTION OF A NEW COUNCIL OF THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF CHOSEN FRIENDS.—Last evening T. M. Cook, G. C., with the assistance of C. O. Burton, G. V. C.; I. L. Lang, G. Sec.; C. H. Young, P. C. C., all of the Grand Lodge from San Francisco, instituted a new Council of Chosen Friends in this city, to be known as Valley Council, No. 60. After institution the Council proceeded to the election of officers, with the following result: P. C., A. L. Hart; C. C., Jas. I. Felter; V. C., Chas. T. Jones; Secretary, Robt. T. Devlin; Financier, Chas. M. Prodger; Treasurer, Chas. A. Luhrs; Prelate, Geo. W. Jackson; Marshal, W. H. Sherburn; Warden, Ed. F. Smith; Guard, P. Potter; Sentry, A. J. Muir; Medical Examiner, Dr. J. K. Laine; Trustee—J. E. Mills, R. C. Irvine and T. B. Hall; all of whom were duly installed. The charter contains thirty-six names, including, in addition to those mentioned, Wm. J. Davis, W. A. Anderson, Ed. M. Martin, Chas. M. Coglan, A. A. Flint, Thos. B. Flint, S. A. Montfort, Geo. Mass, C. N. Nelson, H. Pembroke, A. J. Rhoads, Wm. A. Stephenson, C. E. Sanborn, B. B. Brewer and T. J. Scott.

FORESTERS.—The club formed for the purpose of organizing a new Court of the Ancient Order of Foresters met last evening and transacted some preliminary business, after which it adjourned, to meet next Thursday evening at the office of Dr. Pinkham. Numerous applications have been received by the club for membership, and at the next meeting the business of balloting upon them will be entered upon. Persons desirous of joining can send in their applications at the next meeting, or in the meantime can leave them with Dr. Pinkham, to be acted upon when the meeting is held.

ARRESTS.—These arrests were made yesterday: Henry Wilson, alias Sacramento Buck, petit larceny, by officers Green and Nash, local; Mrs. Mary Baird, battery, by officer Green; Rosa Bernard, disturbing the peace, by officer Carroll; Henry Bernard and Rosa Bernard, battery, by same officer; James Crowley, drunk, by officer Leavy; Enoch Kennedy, battery, by officer Green.

FANTASTICS.—All lovers of the beautiful who desire to encourage art, and who feel a patriotic desire to celebrate the nation's natal day on the coming anniversary thereof, are requested to meet this evening at the Lafayette saloon on K street, between Third and Fourth, and take part in organizing a procession of fantastics to exhibit on that occasion.

LAND LEAGUE PICNIC.—The second annual picnic of the Dillon Branch Irish National Land League will be held at East Park next Sunday. A number of valuable prizes will be competed for on the grounds. The committee intend to make this the most successful picnic of the season, and will see that good order is maintained.

DELINQUENT TAXES.—City Collector Geo. A. Putnam calls attention in another column to the fact that this is the last day in which city taxes can be paid to him. To accommodate the people his office will be open all day, and from 7 to 9 o'clock this evening.

THE WINNERS.—Lawrence Fisher, Sixth street, between H and I, won the second prize of $15, and Wm. B. Freeman, Washington, Yolo county, the third prize of $10, as coupon prizes at the British picnic Wednesday.

LADIES' MEETING.—To-day there will be a meeting of ladies at Grand Army Hall, K street, between Fifth and Sixth, to arrange for providing flowers for Decoration day.

THE SHOE DEPARTMENT of the Red House is where they sell 20-thread, serge, button shoes (ladies) for $1 25—formerly sold for $3. Also, a full-stock boot for men's wear for $2.

GENTS' UNDERWEAR.—The best value in the city at Hale's.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Caleb Dorsey, of Stanislaus, is in this city.
Derby felt hats are worn by equestriennes.
London beauties color their hair Titian red.
Suede gloves are worn in terra cotta shades.
Gentlemen's folded scarfs are worn by ladies.
Ostrich feather pompons are worn in the hair.
White wool dresses are made in esthetic styles.
L. L. Lewis, of this city, will go East Saturday.
Velvet strings are tied in a bow on the left side.
New mantles hold the arms closely to the body.
Japanese crinkled crapes are imported in all colors.
Frederick Groth, of Auburn, is stopping in the city.
Albert Gallatin returned yesterday from San Francisco.
A. C. Bingham, Mayor of Marysville, is on a visit to this city.
State Superintendent F. M. Campbell has gone to Salinas City.
Louis Bien, now of San Francisco, is spending a few days in town.
Mrs. T. Clunie, of Oakland, is visiting her parents in this city.
Will M. Smith, District Attorney of San Diego county, is in the city.
Governor Perkins and Secretary of State Burns returned to Sacramento yesterday.
Ben. Welch passed Omaha yesterday westward-bound, to arrive in Sacramento May 29th.
State Senator J. D. Hammond lectured in Carson last Tuesday evening, on "Pioneers and Pioneering."
Miss Mamie Dray has gone for a two weeks' visit to her sister, Mrs. George H. Perry, at San Francisco.
Governor Stanford and family left San Francisco on the 24th instant for New York, to be absent five weeks.
Preston Powers, a son of Hiram Powers, the sculptor, has arrived in New York from Rome, and is visiting relatives in Boston.
Rev. Dr. Lathrop, formerly rector of the Church of the Advent, San Francisco, preached his first sermon in Walla Walla last Sunday.
Miss Addie E. Rankin, of San Francisco, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Cumings in this city, will return to her home this morning.
Mrs. Crackbon and Miss Emma Crackbon, formerly of Sacramento, have returned to this city with an intention of making it their permanent home.
It is rumored that Archibald Forbes, who is a widower and has three children, will marry a prominent Washington belle upon his return to this country.
Yesterday Mrs. Mollie E. Ackley and Warren Ackley, her son, left for Montgomery creek, Shasta county, where they intend spending the summer, as the guests of Mrs. John Chambers.
The Tucson *Citizen* of last Saturday says: "Professor and Mrs. J. G. Lemmon arrived from San Francisco this morning, en route to the Huachuca mountains, where they propose to botanize during the coming summer."
Arrivals at the State House: T. C. Thomas, Saulsburys; C. T. Adams, Newcastle; J. A. Haynie, Oakland; J. Pritchard, Placerville; W. B. Bradford, C. M. Long, Franklin; A. D. Oakley, Natoma; Criss Clark, Williams; J. K. Freese, Nicolaus; S. K. Thornton, Robert Giles, J. A. Hurd, J. McCue, Alex Reolhenstien, San Francisco.
Eldred House arrivals yesterday: Mrs. George Kelley, Mrs. Twead, Thomas McLaughlin and wife, Sheldon; John Gaffney, Miss Julia Gaffney, Cook's Bar; William M. Taylor, L. C. Moore and daughter, Consumnes; Charles Ruman, B. Hannah, Charles Nelsen, Michigan Bar; Levy Derrington, Mormon Island; H. S. Sackett, Nelson Sackett, Mud Springs; B. F. Whiting, Stuart's Liniment; Mrs. Thornhilson, Frank Thomblinson, Folsom; L. M. Russell and son, Amador City; Silas Chance, Brighton; James Hawkins, Ione City; C. W. Domney, city.

SUPERIOR COURT.

THURSDAY, May 25, 1882.

DEPARTMENT ONE—DENSON, Judge.

936—Turk Bros. vs. Mohr & Yoerk—Continued to June 1st.

1,032—C. Schreiner vs. C. Schindler—Judgment for plaintiff; stay of execution granted for ten days.

1,110—Hasselbach vs. Hasselbach—Ordered that defendant pay to plaintiff or her attorney $40 within five days, to pay costs and expenses.

1,037—Richmond vs. Gleeson—Defendant's demurrer sustained; plaintiff is given twenty days to amend his complaint.

1,034—Frazier vs. Barton—Ordered that order heretofore entered herein, sustaining demurrer, be vacated, and defendant is given five days to amend his demurrer.

1,076—Rae vs. Alexander—Judgment for plaintiff.

148—Estate of Andrew Lloyd, deceased—Report of sale of real estate filed, and set for hearing June 8th.

2,071—Estate of Charlotte H. Morgan, deceased—Final account and petition for distribution filed, and set for hearing June 5th.

DEPARTMENT TWO—WILLIAMS, Judge.

E. G. Smith, trustee, vs. The Odd Fellows' Savings and Commercial Bank et al.—On trial.

COAST AND STATE.

The telephone wire is now completed from Bidwell's Bridge to Prattville, Plumas county.

A number of new and valuable strikes have been made in the neighborhood of Prescott, and the *Democrat* is encouraged to believe that a big mining boom for that section is one of the possibilities of the near future. A rapid development of the mines seems to be expected all over the Territory, and a corresponding advent of capital and enterprise is looked for. Indeed, the mining prospects of Arizona were never on a safer basis, or one that promised better results in spite of all the drawbacks we have had to encounter.—[Arizona Star.

A Pajaro man, in Santa Cruz county, went home the other day and found his cow puffed up like an angry hop-toad. Several remedies had been tried on the cow before the arrival of the owner, but to no good purpose. Her speedy death was prophesied, and would no doubt have taken place had not her owner cast his eye upon a piece of three-quarter-inch rubber hose. He grasped that hose, smoothed and greased the end of it, pushed it down the cow's throat as far as her first stomach, and that bloated cow immediately collapsed to her natural size. The bloat gas escaped through the hose and the cow escaped death.

The Winnemucca *Silver State* says that Naches, the Piute chief, is in town. He says the Indians have received news of troubles among the Bannacks and Shoshones. He says two parties of Bannacks were out hunting and had a fight in the night, mistaking each other for enemies. Two men were killed, and their scalps were brought to Duck valley, where the Indians held a war dance. Some white men who saw the performance, not understanding its meaning, reported that the reservation Indians were going on the war-path. General Kelton wants Natches to go to Duck valley and ascertain the cause of the rumored troubles, but as no provision was made for paying his expenses he cannot well go.

Nevada *Herald:* There was found in the China diggings at Moore's Flat, on Sunday, a quartz bowlder weighing eighty-five pounds, which, our informant says, is quite a curiosity. The rock is egg-shaped, and extending nearly around the center of it is a band of gold leaf. The band is not regular in size, in some places being nearly an inch wide and in others reduced almost to a thread. The bowlder looks as though it had been rolled over a large streak of gold and some of the precious metal had adhered to it. Whether the gold extends through the rock is not known, as it has not yet been broken open. Several who have viewed the specimen estimate that there are ten pounds of gold in it, but this is mere guess-work.

Saline valley is one of the most remarkable places among the most remarkable on the coast. If the lofty intervening Inyo range were out of the way it would not exceed fifteen miles distance from this, Owens valley. Yet it undoubtedly lies at one or two thousand feet lower altitude. It is simply an immense basin, say twelve by twenty-five miles in size, in the earth, surrounded on all sides with great mountains. Its lowest point of depression, immediately at the foot of the Inyo range, is found some 1,200 acres of pure salt—millions of tons of it, glistening like crusted snow. Bordering on this on all sides, except the west, comes miles square of sandy, dusty lands, caustic with alkali, borax, or some similar deposits, and presumed to be valuable on account of the same. On the opposite or western side is found a strip of rich, alluvial lands, one by three miles, perhaps, in extent, affording fair grazing throughout, a good portion of it being nutritious swamp grasses.—[Inyo Independent.

At a curiosity shop: "Oh, the charming little box! Antique, isn't it?" "No, madame, it is modern." "What a pity—it was so pretty?"

FIFTY-POUND sack bakers' extra flour, $1 35; 14 pounds choice table rice for $1; try our male berry Java coffee, very choice, only 30 cents per pound, at H. H. Paulk's Cash Grocery, 814 K street.

SILK and wool mixtures—moire effects—30 cents per yard, at Hale's great sale of A. T. Stewart & Co.'s goods.

MEN'S and boys' straw hats—new arrivals, new styles and new prices at Hale's.

YOU always get the most and the best for your money at H. H. Paulk's, 814 K street. Seven pounds choice C. R. coffee for $1; choice roasted C. R. coffee, 20 cents per pound.

PARKHILL SUITINGS—something new—only 22 cents a yard, at Red House.

LADIES, we have lace buntings, only 11 cents per yard—all colors.

LISLE THREAD GLOVES.—A full and complete assortment at Hale's great special sale.

BARGAINS for two days more in those job lots at Red House.

"ECLIPSE" champagne is used in preference to many imported brands, so say connoisseurs.

HUNDREDS testify of the benefits received from Rock and Rye. G. W. Chesley, agent.

LADIES' CHEMISES (ruffled), 40 cents, at Red House.

GENTS' and boys' hosiery—a fine line at Hale's.

STETSON'S FINE HATS at Hale's.

PACIFIC SLOPE.

Another Stage Robbery—Chinese Women Released at San Francisco—Steamer Loaded with Lime Burned—An Arizona Editor Under Fire—A Cemetery in Court at Nevada—Two Men Drowned in Oregon—Young Man Accidentally Shot to Death—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

CALIFORNIA.

Chinese Women Released.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 25th.—In the United States Circuit Court to-day Judge Sawyer discharged from custody the seven Chinese women who came from Hongkong on the steamer Glamis Castle. The women were arrested for a violation of the law which prohibits the importation of females for immoral purposes. Judge Sawyer discharged them on the ground that there was no evidence produced to show that the women are prostitutes or imported for the purposes of prostitution.

More Small-Pox on the Quarantined Steamer.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 25th.—Two more cases of small-pox were reported to-day on the steamer Altonower, both white—a ship carpenter and a seaman. Both were taken to the hospital. No cases have been reported yet on the Strathairly.

Death of the Belgian Consul.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 25th.—Emile Gristian Grisar, a prominent merchant of this city, died at his residence on Powell street at 11 o'clock last night, of heart disease. He had been ill for nearly four years, but none of his many friends realized that his end was so near. The deceased was a native of Antwerp, Belgium, and was aged 61 years. When a young man he sailed for America, and engaged for a time in business in Valparaiso, Chile. About 1855 he came to this coast, and entered the wool trade. He was a member, in early times, of the firm of De Boom, Vigneaux & Grisar. He was Consul for Belgium, resident in San Francisco. He leaves a wife, but no children. The flags of the different foreign Consulates, as well as that on the Merchants' Exchange, were flying at half-mast to-day in respect to his memory.

Truckee Trout Shipment.

TRUCKEE, May 25th.—Fifteen hundred pounds of trout were yesterday shipped from Lake Tahoe, mostly for the Sacramento and San Francisco markets; at the same time eighteen pounds of fish eggs were sent below for planting.

How a Party of Strangers Swindled the Truckee People.

TRUCKEE, May 25th.—For some time a party of strangers have attracted the attention of the officers of this place, but nothing positively criminal could be found against them. From the fact that they bought or borrowed instruments such as pincers, bits, benches, files, etc., it was supposed that they were engaged in boring and filling gold coin, or counterfeiting. It now transpires that they have left town for parts unknown, and left in circulation here, as is believed, quite a quantity of tampered $20 gold pieces. The Chinamen also complain that they have on hand a lot of bogus jewelry and a bogus gold brick, which they bought of these parties and paid $800 for.

Death.

AUBURN, May 25th.—Samuel Putnam, proprietor of the Putnam House, died at 7:30 this morning, after an illness of a few days' duration.

Methodist Ministerial Meeting.

NEVADA CITY, May 25th.—The Methodist Episcopal Ministerial Association of Sacramento district met in this city yesterday. The following members are in attendance: H. C. Benson, Santa Clara; J. A. Vananda, Marysville; William Johnson, Colfax; S. Kinsey, Brownsville; E. A. Hazen, North San Juan; G. O. Ash, Grass Valley; E. Jacks, Nevada; City; G. G. Walter, Yolo City: H. H. Gregory, Roseville; T. B. Hopkins, Auburn; John Tambleyne, Nevada county. H. C. Benson, D. D., Presiding Elder, was elected Chairman, and William Johnson Secretary. The exercises are of an unusually interesting character. Last night a party of Grass Valley reformers known as Daniel's Band came up to join the preachers in holding a gospel temperance meeting.

Suit for Electment—Methodist Ministerial Association.

NEVADA, May 25th.—Suit was commenced in the Superior Court to-day by Frank Huss against A. C. Pope, to obtain possession of the Greenwood Cemetery at Grass Valley. Huss purchased the property from parties who had bought it for taxes, but Pope refuses to allow him to assume the ownership. A few days ago the latter armed his son with a shotgun and stationed him in the cemetery to keep Huff off the premises. The suit brought is for ejectment.

The Methodist Ministerial Association, which has been in session here the past two days, adjourned to-night, to meet at Sacramento next November.

Held to Answer.

GRASS VALLY, May 25th.—The preliminary examination of E. A. Roberts, who shot A. D. Mason, an attorney, on the 22d of last April, was held before Judge Davis to-day. The defendant was held to answer before the Superior Court, with bail fixed at $1,000.

Oil Warehouse Burned.

MARYSVILLE, May 25.h.—A fire this morning destroyed the warehouse of the Continental Oil Company at the Central Pacific Railroad depot, with its contents. There was no insurance on the building, which was a mere frame shell of slight value. The contents were insured for $1,400.

Verdict of Not Guilt A

MARYSVILLE, May 25th.—The second trial of Charles Newkom, charged with the rape of a young girl, was concluded to-day at Yuba City. The jury found a verdict of not guilty. The defendant is a Sutter county farmer, of good social position.

Another Stage Robbery.

CHICO, May 25th.—The Chico *Daily Enterprise* has the following account of a stage robbery on the Humboldt road this morning: W. N. Messer's stage, driven by Ed Nelson, was stopped and robbed at Dead Man's Hill, about twelve miles from Chico, this morning, about 8 o'clock, by two men and a boy, armed with rifles and pistols. They took Nelson's watch and chain, and got $17 from the passengers. The stage contained Mrs. W. N. Messer, two men and the driver. The robbers were all masked, and no clue to their identity can be had. Officers are making arrangements to start in pursuit.

Murder in the Second Degree.

WOODLAND, May 25th.—The second trial of James Smith, alias Bodie Smith, for the murder of M. F. Patterson, was concluded last evening, after a session of five days. The jury, after a deliberation of seven hours, returned a verdict of murder in the second degree—the same as the first verdict.

Closing College Exercises.

BENICIA, May 25th.—The closing exercises of St. Augustine College took place today in Eulexian Hall. A large number of friends of the cadets were present. The successful cadets are as follows: Competitive declamation, Cadet Soloman; saber drill, Cadet Martin; competitive drill for the Sarsfield gold medal, Cadet Friedagh. Rev. Mr. Wingfield delivered an address on "California Schools and Their Endowments." Cadet G. Mizner was the only graduate. Next week the Young Ladies' Seminary, Mrs. M. Atkins Lynch, principal, holds its closing exercises.

Sonoma County Democrats.

SANTA ROSA, May 25th.—The Democratic County Committee of Sonoma met here today, and appointed June 10th for the primary meetings and June 14th for the County Convention.

The Murder Case at San Jose.

SAN JOSE, May 25th.—In the Soto murder case to-day, the defense opened. A dozen residents of Mayfield testified to the quiet and peaceable disposition of the defendant. Mr. Ross was put on the stand to prove that the blow received by Soto on the temple several months before the killing tended to render him insane when drinking; but a doctor swore that he did not think it would so affect him, nor did he at the time of the injury consider it a serious one. The testimony will close to-day.

ARIZONA.

An Editor Shot At.

TUCSON, May 25th.—A recent number of the *Daily Citizen* published certain letters of C. D. Poston, and criticised him quite severely. This morning Poston met J. A. Whitmore, editor of the *Citizen*, at Porter's Hotel, and without saying a word drew a revolver and fired at Whitmore, missing him. Poston has been arrested, and will be placed under bonds. The *Citizen* will to-day denounce him as a cowardly assassin and bully.

Disastrous Conflagration at Tombstone.

TOMBSTONE, May 25th.—A fire broke out in the rear of the Tivoli Gardens, on Allen street, this afternoon about half-past 3 o'clock, and immediately communicated to the surrounding structures. The Grand Hotel and the magnificent rooms of the Tombstone Club, adjoining, were immediately enveloped in flames.

The fire spread rapidly, and soon the entire block between Toughnut and Allen streets, and Third and Fourth streets, was in flames. The fire department fought the flames like heroes, but it was evident from the first that the heart of the city was doomed.

The flames spread across Allen street and destroyed the entire block to Fremont street, and again crossed Fourth street, destroying the block bounded by Allen, Fremont, Third and Fourth streets. Here the flames were conquered, through the combined aid of the firemen, police and deputies under the command of Sheriff Behan.

The portion of the city destroyed comprised almost the entire business portion. The three principal hotels—the Grand, Cosmopolitan and Brown's—were reduced to ashes. The *Nugget* newspaper office was completely destroyed, not a type or pound of stock being rescued from the flames. The fire spread destruction and desolation all around. Most of the people have pluckily expressed a determination to commence to rebuild immediately. The entire city would have succumbed to the flames were it not for the herculean efforts of Sheriff Behan and his deputies, Chief of Police Nagle and our gallant little fire department.

The Western Union Telegraph office was among the first to hug the flames, but the manager, C. E. Donnelly, at the risk of his life, saved the records and instruments, and had established another office in a distant quarter within an hour.

It is impossible at present to estimate the loss. Perhaps half a million will cover it, but it certainly will not be less.

The *Epitaph* office suffered a loss of something less than $1,000 through breaking of furniture and material. This newspaper offered the use of all its material, not actually in use, to the *Nugget*, but the loss of the latter was too complete to attempt an immediate resurrection.

The insurance on the property destroyed will foot up about $250,000, but the loss will certainly double that. It will not affect the town, as most of the property destroyed was owned by solid business men, who will immediately rebuild.

Apparently a Reasonable Request.

FORT THOMAS, May 25th.—Esketleschew, chief of the Coyotero Apaches, has visited Col. Albert G. Brackett, of the Third Cavalry, commanding this post, and made in substance the following statement: He wishes the Government to allow his people to go back and live at their old home in the White mountains, where there is plenty of grass and water for stock-raising, and where they can farm. He complains that the sub-agency is unhealthy, and that the land is unproductive, and that no water can be had there for farming purposes. All they desire is to be permitted to go where they can make a living, and if they are allowed to return they will not ask the Government for assistance of any kind, as they can support themselves by farming, selling hay, grain and wood to the garrison. They yet have some stock not taken by the hostiles, which will enable them in a few years to have a sufficient number. He also stated that he wished the military to protect them from the Americans, Mexicans and hostile Indians. The chief said he would like to have the President send him a medal like the one Grant sent to his brother, Chief Pedro. He desired that Major Randall, or some other equally good officer, would command them. Referring to the cause of the Chiricahua outbreak, he said it was caused by Agent Tiffany not assisting them to make water ditches to irrigate their land. Two of the Chiefs, Juh and Nolchiee, went on two different occasions to Tiffany, begging for his assistance in getting out the ditches, and that Tiffany would not reply or give them any satisfaction whatever. This is an important discovery, as it undoubtedly places one of the causes, if not the principal cause, of the outbreak. A council has lately been held by the two White mountain tribes, and the S

ORIGINAL DETECTIVE

4

COMMERCIAL.

San Francisco Produce Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 25th—1 P. M.

FLOUR—Market fairly active, while quotations are steady. Best City Extra, $5 37½@5 50; Superfine, $5@5 25; Interior Extra, $4 50@5; interior Superfine, $4@4 25 ₰ bbl.

WHEAT—On 'Change to-day there was a large attendance, and several new faces were observed during the session. Bidding was lively and margins were not wide. Spot transactions were tolerably free at $1 69½@1 70 ₰ ctl. Shippers will not pay the latter figure, and brokers seem more willing to meet the market. Private sales are reported, on yesterday noon of about 300 tons No. 1 at $1 70. A speculator offered to take 500 tons extra choice in August at Port Costa at $1 70, but could find no seller. For deliveries within a week at Port Costa of No. 1 White, $1 68½ was bid against $1 71½ asked. About 500 tons could have been easily placed to-day at the bidding figure. The only sale of note at the Produce Exchange was 250 tons No. 2 White at $1 66 ₰ ctl, deliverable in August at Port Costa.

Quotations of No. 2 grades at leading centers to-day are telegraphed as follows:

	Chicago.	St. Louis.	New York.
Spot, ₰ cental	$2 08½	$1 19½	
		2 20½	$2 45
		2 07	2 45
	2 10½	1 88½	2 19
	1 88½	1 81½	2 06½

[illegible] afternoon at the Grain Exchange in[illegible] tons No. 2 August, $1 66; 50 do, $1 66½; [illegible] September, $1 65½; 450 do, $1 66; 500 do [illegible], $1 66½ ₰ ctl. There were sales of No. 1 for August and September at $1 70@1 70½ to the extent of 700 tons.

BARLEY—A prominent operator this morning stepped up the market for Brewing by some very positive bidding at avanced rates, offering $1 99½ for all May and June, $1 92½ for old in July, and $1 ₰ ctl for August. All efforts to invite a selling fac[illegible] limit was $1 70. Two lots aggregating 150 tons were placed in October at $1 27½, and more would have been taken at the same price if offered. In No. 2 descriptions there were two lots of 100 tons each sold for September and October at $1 20. Chevalier is in good request. A small lot of No. 3 was offered seller 5 days at $1 60, with $1 50 ₰ ctl bid.

At the Grain Exchange this afternoon there were sales of 100 tons No. 1 Feed August, $1 27½; 400 do, $1 27½; 300 do October, $1 28; 100 do, $1 28 ₰ ctl.

OATS—The market shows signs of heaviness. There is said to be a fair proportion of poor qualities seeking custom, while the demand generally is not near as pressing as it was a short time since. It must be something choice to command over $2 ₰ ctl just now, while ordinary descriptions sell down to $1 70@1 75 ctl. On call there were sales of 900 tons No 2, deliverable in October, at $1 42½ ₰ ctl.

RYE—Spot lots of No. 1 are held at $2 55 ₰ ctl against $2 30 bid. Stocks are understood to be well concentrated. On October account, sales were negotiated at $1 70 to the extent of 100 tons. An offer was made to deliver Nebraska at $1 90 all 1882, seller's option.

CORN—Spot lots of No. 1 Yellow are nominally worth $1 85. On 'Change, sales of 150 tons No. 2 large Yellow were recorded for October at $1 85 ₰ ctl.

BUCKWHEAT—$1 50@1 75 ₰ ctl.

HAY—Wheat, $14@18; Wild Oat, $12@13; Stable, $11@12 ₰ ton.

HOPS—Washington Territory, 18@21c; California, 22@25c; Oregon, 18@21c ₰ lb.

SEEDS—Mustard, $1 75@1 90 for Yellow; Canary, 4½@4½c; Hemp, 6c; Rape, 2½@3c; Timothy, 8@9c for native, and 10@13c for imported; Alfalfa, 14@15c; Flax, 2½@2¾c ₰ lb.

POTATOES—A steady tone prevails. Early Rose are quotable on the wharf at $2 25@2 87½. Garnet Chile range from $1 75 to $1 90 ₰ ctl.

ONIONS—75c@$1 ₰ ctl.

VEGETABLES—Supplies are fairly liberal. Asparagus, 75c@$1 ₰ box; Rhubarb, 50c@$1 ₰ box; Artichokes, 10@12c ₰ dozen; Parsnips, $1 50 ₰ ctl; Beets, 75c; Carrots, 50@65c; Turnips, 50@60c ₰ ctl; Cauliflower, $1@1 25 ₰ dozen; Cabbage, $1 50@1 75 ₰ ctl; Garlic, 3@4c ₰ lb; Cucumbers, 50c to $1 25 ₰ doz; Green Peas, 4c; Green Peppers, 25@30c ₰ box; Tomatoes, 10c ₰ lb; Spinach, 2½ ₰ sack; Celery, 75c ₰ dozen; Summer Squash, 50@60c ₰ box; String Beans, 5@7c ₰ lb; Horse Beans, 50@75c ₰ sack; Wax Beans, 10c ₰ lb.

FRUIT—Strawberries were less plentiful to-day, and sold at higher rates. Cherries are cleaning up, though prices have not materially changed. Light consignments of Apricots arrived to day. Strawberries, $7@9 ₰ chest; Cherries, 4@6c ₰ lb for common and 8@10c ₰ lb for good to choice; Apricots, 10@12c ₰ lb; Gooseberries, 4@5c for common, 7@8c ₰ lb for English; Lemons, $7@7 50 ₰ box for Sicily and $1 75@2 50 for California; Limes, $1@1 25 ₰ box for Mexican; California Limes, $6@7 ₰ thousand; California Oranges, $3 50@4 50 ₰ box; Tamarinds, 12@15c ₰ lb; Bananas, $2 50@4 ₰ bunch; Pineapples, $8@9 ₰ doz; Currants, 12@15c ₰ lb.

DRIED FRUIT—Sun-dried Apples, 10c for sliced, 6@6½c for quartered; Alden and Plummer, 10@12½c; Apricots, 20@22c; Blackberries, 14@16c; Figs, 4@7c for pressed and 3@4c for unpressed; Smyrna do, 10@12½c; Nectarines, 14@15c; Peaches, 18@20c for peeled and 7@8c for unpeeled; Pears, 7@8c for whole and 9@10c ₰ lb for sliced; do, machine dried, 12½c; Plums, 11@12c for pitted and 4@6c for unpitted; German Prunes, 8@9c; French Prunes, 10@11c ₰ lb; California Raisins, common layers, are quoted as follows for cash: $1@2 50 for whole, with the usual addition of 25c, 50c and 75c ₰ box for halves, quarters and eighths. London layers sell at an advance of 25c all round. The customary discount is made on large purchases.

HONEY—No activity. Comb, 14@18c; extracted, 6½c for dark and 9@10c ₰ lb for white.

BUTTER—Receipts are enlarging each day, and an easier feeling prevails, though no marked reduction in values are reported. Fancy, 31@32c; good to choice, 28@30c; inferior lots from country stores, 22@26c; firkin, 23@30c for good to choice new; Eastern, 17@20c ₰ lb.

CHEESE—California, 12@13½c; Eastern, 17@20c; Western, 14@15c ₰ lb.

EGGS—The turn in price is still wide. Sales are not quick, and top figures are only obtained in exceptional cases. Quotable at 25@25c ₰ dozen.

POULTRY—Values have a drooping tendency. Live Turkeys, gobblers, 15@16c; do Hens, 14@15c; Roosters, $5 50@6 50 old and $8@10 for young; Hens, $6@7 50; Broilers, $3 50@7, according to size; Ducks, $6@7 ₰ doz; Geese, $1 25@1 50 ₰ pair.

GAME—Rabbits, $1@1 25 ₰ doz.

PROVISIONS—Butter, fancy dairy, 28@30c ₰ roll; Eastern Smoked Bacon, 14@15c ₰ lb; Eastern Breakfast Bacon, 14@15c; Pork, $20 50@21 ₰ bbl for Prime Mess, $24@24 50 for Extra Clear; Pigs' Feet, $10@13 ₰ bbl; Mess Beef, $12 for bbls and $7 for half bbls; Extra Mess Beef $14@14 50; Family Beef, $16@16 50 ₰ bbl; California Smoked Beef, 14@15c ₰ lb; Beef Tongues, $9 50@10 ₰ dozen; Eastern Lard, 12½@13c ₰ lb for all styles and sizes of packages; California do, 10@11c; Pure, 13@14c; 5-lb do, 14@14½c; pails, 15@16c; kegs, 14@14½c; Royal do, 15c for 10-lb, 15½c ₰ lb for 5-lb and 16c for 3-lb pails.

WOOL—Holders are not disposed to make any abatement on current quotations, while buyers insist that the situation as manufacturing centers does not justify the paying of asking rates. As a consequence, the market is almost stationary. San Joaquin and Southern, 15@18c for poor to fair, and 18@21c for fair to choice; Calaveras and Foot Hill, 24@27c ₰ lb.

San Francisco Meat Market.

Following are rates for whole carcasses from slaughterers to dealers:

BEEF—Prime, $5@5½; medium grades, 4½@5c; inferior, 3½@4c ₰ lb.

VEAL—Large calves, 7½c; small ones, 8@10c ₰ lb.

MUTTON—Wethers are quotable at 4½@5c, and ewes at 4@4½c ₰ lb, according to quality.

LAMB—Quotable at 6@8c ₰ lb.

PORK—Live hogs, 7½@7¾c for hard, and 6½@6¾c for soft; dressed do, 9½@10c ₰ lb for hard grain and 8½@9c for soft.

Foreign Markets.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, May 25th.

FLOUR—Receipts, 19,000 bbls; exports, 4,000 bbls; sales, 7,000 bbls. Market dull, heavy and weak, with a moderate export demand. Sales at $5 10@5 40 for superfine State; $5 40@5 60 for extra State; $5 10@5 40 for superfine Western; $5 40@5 60 for common to good extra Western; $5 40@5 60 for common to choice White Wheat extra Western; $5 10@5 40 for fancy Ohio extra; $5 40@6 for common to choice extra Ohio; $5 40@6 for common to good extra Minnesota; $5 40@6 for choice extra Minnesota; $5 40@6 for fancy extra Minnesota. Rye flour is steady at 12@14c for fall brands, and 24@25c for clean fall; spring buckwheat, 15@16c; clean spring, 24@32c; pulled, 25@45c.

HIDES—California are quiet at 23@23½c.

CHICAGO, May 25th.

WHEAT—$1 25½ for June.

CORN—70½c for June.

PORK—$19 52½ bid for June.

LARD—$11 57½ for June.

BACON—$11 10 for ribs and $11 40 for short ribs.

LIVERPOOL, May 25th.

WHEAT—California spot lots are firmer at 9s 10d for No. 1. Cargo lots are 47s for just shipped, for nearly due and 49s 6d for off coast.

Sacramento Market.

Corrected daily for the RECORD-UNION.

SACRAMENTO, May 25th.

ORANGES—Oranges, California, 2½@3½ ₰ box; Oranges, Mexican, $3 50@4 50 ₰ box; Lemons, Sicily, $7@8; do, California, $2 50@3 ₰ box; Limes, $1 25@2 ₰ 100; Bananas, 8½@6 ₰ bunch; Pineapples, $2@3 ₰ dozen; Cocoanuts, $7@8 ₰ 100; Strawberries, 6@8c ₰ lb; a shortage of the crop is reported below, and this will tend to keep the prices better than they are reaching their lowest level for the season.

CHERRIES, 8@15c ₰ lb. Gooseberries are selling at 7@9c ₰ lb for common and 12@15c for the English variety.

TABLE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₰ doz, $2 50; Peaches, $3; Bartlett Pears, $2 75; Plums, $2 75; Blackberries, $3; Gooseberries, $3 25; Strawberries, $3 25; Apricots, $3; Muscat Grapes, $3 75; Seedless Grapes, $3 75; Cherries, $3 25.

PIE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₰ doz, $1 75@2; assorted, gallon cans, $4 50; Peaches, 2½-lb cans, $1 80; Portland Blueberries, 2-lb cans, $2; Whortleberries, $1 75.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 8@9c ₰ lb; do quarters, 7@8c; cores, peeled, 3@10c; do, unpeeled, 6c; Plums, pitted, 12@13c; Peaches, 10@11c; do, unpeeled, 4@5c; Prunes, German and French, 12@13c; Huckleberries, 20c; California, 7@8c ₰ lb.

KERNELS—Wax Beans, 10@12c ₰ lb; String do same; new Tomatoes, 20@25c ₰ lb; Currants, 8@9c ₰ lb; Peaches are quoted at $2 50@3 per cwt; Nevada Potatoes, $2 25; do, 2½@3c; New Potatoes, 1½@2c ₰ lb; Onions are arriving quite plentifully, and will soon fill the place of old ones. Also new Onions are plentiful and selling at 1½@1½c ₰ lb; old Onions have disappeared from market. Cabbage, $1 50@2 75; Carrots, $1 ₰ sack; Turnips, $1 ₰ 100; Rhubarb, 50c; vegetables, 12½ ₰ doz; Parsnips, 1½c; Beets, 1c; Celery, 75c ₰ dozen; Horseradish, 8@10c ₰ lb; Green Peas, 1½@2c ₰ lb; Asparagus, 3@5 ₰ lb; Pie Plant, 2@2½c ₰ lb; Artichokes, 35@40c ₰ dozen. Cucumbers are getting more plentiful, and although still high, are selling at from $1 25 to $1 50 ₰ dozen. Green Peppers having made their appearance, here are quotable at from 30c to 40c ₰ lb.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour, $5 50 ₰ bbl.; Oatmeal, $4 75 ₰ 100 lbs; Cornmeal, $2 25@2 50; Cracked Wheat, $3.

POULTRY—Live Turkeys, 13@15c ₰ lb; dressed do, 15@16c; Young Roosters, $5 50@6 50; Hens, $6@6 50; Ducks, $6 50@6 50; Geese, $1 50@2 ₰ pair.

PRODUCE—Butter, fancy dairy, 28@30c ₰ roll; Cooking, 20@22½c; Eastern, full cream, 22@23c; Eastern, 17c; fresh Eggs, 23@25c ₰ dozen. The tone of the market is down, but as Eggs are cheaper in the East they will probably not go much lower.

MEATS—Beef, 7@8c; Mutton, 6c; Pork, 8@9c; Veal, 7@8c.

HAY AND GRAIN—Oat hay, $10 to $14@16; alfalfa, the new crop has commenced to arrive, and prices for old and new are now from $10 to $12 ₰ ton; Bran, $16; middlings, $18 ₰ ton; barley, whole, ₰ cwt, $1 90; barley, ground, ₰ cwt, $1 90; wheat, ₰ cwt, $1 90; tame oats, ₰ cwt, $2 50; corn, ₰ cwt, $1 75.

MISCELLANEOUS—Seeds—Alfalfa, 16@17c; Timothy, Eastern, 11@12c ₰ lb; Oregon, 8@9c; Red Clover, 16@18c; Red Top, 13½@14c; Nuts—English Walnuts, 10½@12½c; Almonds, soft shell nuts, 7@11c; Wool, market dull, holders firm for prices; mountain, 12½@16c; tule, 12½@15c; fall, 6@7c; Hides, salt, 9@10c; dry, 18@19c; Pelts, 35c; California, 25@28c, according to size, and with upward tendency.

San Francisco Stock Sales.

SAN FRANCISCO, Monday, May 25, 1882.

MORNING SESSION.

3 5 Ophir	2 88	20 Sierra Nevada	5[illegible]
6 0 Mexican	5[illegible]	300 R. & Belcher	4 00
60 N. and N	70c	570 Bullion	20c
50 Savage	65c	30 Exchequer	15c
50 Alpha	50c	300 Overman	5c
100 C. Virginia	45c	1700 Alta	80@75c
70 Utah	2 05	500 Lady Wash	10c
80 Choller	25c	220 Andes	45c
Potosi	20c	100 Benton	20c
Union	10@10½	10 Scorpion	70c

AFTERNOON SESSION.

50 Eureka	17½	100 Bulwer	2 00
50 O. Prize	11	200 Concordia	11
50 Argenta	15c	450 Noonday	95c
50 Navajo	2 15	70 N. Noonday	9 c
50 Belle Isle	10c	300 Oro	11c
Dey	1 95	336 Bodie Tun	1 10
Utah	2 05	500 M. White	4 00
Northern Nevada	6½	100 Atlas	1 50
Ophir	2 85	50 Silver King	1 75
	11	600 N. Belle Isle	10c

ALL AROUND THE COAST.

Truckee is beginning to assume its general spring liveliness.

The people of Vacaville are taking steps to erect a Catholic church at that place.

Decoration Day is to be celebrated in an appropriate manner at Virginia City, Eureka and other points in Nevada.

The Chico *Enterprise* now appears as a daily newspaper. It makes a neat, newsy and in every way creditable appearance.

Benicia will lose 200 voters at the next election, that many workmen having left there to live at Port Costa, where they work.

Drinks and cigars at Missoula, Montana, have risen in price to 25 cents each. This would seem to indicate a great scarcity of water in that section.

The mountain country of San Diego county seems to be infested more than usual this season with rattlesnakes, lions, wild-cats and coyotes.

Mrs. Louise Boddy, of Tule Lake, Lake county, Oregon, has been allowed $5,500 by the present Congress for losses sustained during the Modoc war.

A gentleman now in Los Angeles informs the reporter of the *Express* that the evening before he left Tombstone, which was a few days ago, a purse of $2,500 was raised to pay for Indian scalps at $10 apiece.

A redwood tree, 19 feet in diameter, was felled near Guerneville, and a correspondent says that when it fell more than 200 tons struck the solid earth, and the concussion rattled the dishes in houses a mile away.

It is said that the Canyon Diablo bridge, on the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, north of Prescott, Arizona, is the highest bridge in the world, with one exception. From the bottom of the canyon to the center of the bridge is about 230 feet.

The Ogden *Pilot* says: Our city is beginning to recruit from the rough classes again, and insults and insolence are again being offered to ladies and gentlemen by prowling tramps. A little more chain-gang recruiting would be in order.

Nevada *Transcript*:- A gentleman who ought to know informs us that there are about twenty new houses being built on the outskirts of the city. City lots are so scarce that all the new buildings must necessarily be put on lots some distance from the principal thoroughfares.

We think now, of the counties where wheat is the foremost interest, that Butte and Sutter are the only counties that will sell more than last year, and they may weaken, as large areas of winter-sown grain cover both. The State will be short. Colusa will be an average county.—[Colusa Sun.

The Reno *Gazette* says: "Washoe City is excited over the discovery of good ore at a point about half-way between Washoe City and the foot of Mount Davidson. The same ground was located and partially prospected twenty years ago. No prospecting has been carried on in that vicinity for years until this spring."

The Oroville *Register* of the 19th inst. says: "A. J. Binney, Superintendent of the California Northern Railroad, arrived here Wednesday. He is on his way to the mountains to examine the country up the North Fork of Feather river, from Oroville to the Big Meadows, Greenville, Crescent Mills, Quincy and other points in Plumas county, with a view to determining the practicability of connecting those points by rail with the California Northern Railroad at Oroville. Mr. Binney spent some time last year in examining this same country with the same object in view. His present trip, he informs us, is made to finish the examination commenced last year. We are not at liberty, at the present time, to publish the conversation had with Mr. Binney upon this railroad subject, but we are at liberty to say that there is a strong probability of Oroville and the points named being in the near future connected by a narrow-gauge railroad. Such a connection cannot fail to be of great advantage to Oroville."

BRIEF SAN FRANCISCO ITEMS.

Another "Branch of the League of Deliverance" has been organized; this time at 710 Montgomery street.

The investigation into the Industrial School matters continues. The testimony on Wednesday was to the effect that the school is well managed, but there is want of system in the receipt and distribution of provisions.

At a late hour Tuesday night Mrs. Johanna Doyle, with her five little children, the oldest being ten and the youngest three years of age, were furnished lodgings at the Central Station. The woman is penniless and has no home, and her husband is a confirmed sot.

Mr. Jacobs, who resides at 111 Eleventh street, has in his possession a remarkable hen's egg, or, more correctly speaking, two eggs, with soft shells, joined together, a la Siamese twins, by a ligament half an inch in length. It was laid by an ordinary farm-yard hen.

It is reported that the old shoe factory building on Fell street has been leased for the purpose of turning it into a hat manufactory. The proprietors, it is understood, propose giving employment to about sixty white workmen at first, and to a limited number of boys and girls to learn the trade.

The trial of Captain Charles N. Sparks, of the Gatherer, was resumed Wednesday in the United States District Court. Judge Hoffman ruled that counsel must confine their questions to the acts enumerated in the eight counts selected by the prosecution out of the thirty-six contained in the ten indictments against the defendant upon which to try him.

S. M. Brown is under arrest for embezzling the watch and chain of a married woman named Mills. He induced Mills and wife, by false pretenses as to his wealth, to come to California to operate his farm, and borrowed money and finally the watch and chain of them. He turns out to have neither money, farm nor credit, and was found in the Home for the Inebriate.

United States Commissioner O'Bierne, Wednesday, held an examination in the case of Ah Foong, charged with trying to bribe Custom House Inspector E. T. McLean on board the British ship Glamis Castle on the 15th inst. It appeared that the accused tried to induce the Inspector to pass some wines without payment of the legal duties, and he was held to answer before the Grand Jury.

Wednesday morning two burglars entered the room of Edward H. Beverly, 232 Minna street. Beverly lay quiet and allowed the pair to relieve his clothing of $85 in five-dollar gold pieces and a watch and chain. Following them out as quickly as possible, Beverly reported his loss to officers Smith and Cronin, who started for the Barbary Coast in pursuit of the thieves. Meeting officer McNulty on Kearny street they informed him of the matter, and from Beverly's description the cracksmen were speedily identified as Thomas Friel and Joseph Heinze, who were captured in a low dive a block or two from the city prison. Both were searched, the watch and money being found on them, and then locked up for burglary.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN the Postoffice at Sacramento on Thursday, May 25, 1882:

Ladies' List.

Alexander, Miss Mary
Brooks, Miss Emma W
Carr, Miss Minnie
Carpenter, Mrs
Clark, Mrs Dellia
Conway, Minnie G
Dolan, Mrs Jane
Ellison, Miss Laura
Flint, Miss Elnora
Girodane, Mrs C
Hudson, Mrs S
Hughes, Miss Emma
Hunes, Jennie
Johnson, Mrs J
Jones, Miss Nettie
Lindenberger, Miss Mary
Magnus, Mrs Katie
Macley, Mrs Tresia
McDonald, M J
Moulton, Mrs Helen
O'Neil, Ellen
Proffer, Miss Lizzie
Purrington, Miss Lizzie
Rey, Mrs Elizabeth
Rine, Mrs Clara
Roberts, Mrs
Ross, Mrs A A
Ruggles, Mrs G L
Schuetze, Miss Anna
Serine, Miss C L
Smith, Mrs Robert S
Smith, Miss Lou
Smith, Mrs L
Starr, Miss Jennie
Thomson, Mrs W
Wixom, Miss Luella

Gentlemen's List.

Ambrosius, Fred
Anderson, E
Bannan, Math
Bartlett, O M
Blodgett, Geo
Boucher, Geo
Brown, J S
Brown, Mike
Burns, Martin
Calhoon, C A
Calkins, W W
Carroll, W G
Christianson, W
Clark, John
Cox, E G
Cree, W B
Devine, J W
Divilbiss, J G
Dinning, L L-2
Dolan, F F
Donovan, John
Dungs, Jos
Dean, Jhon
Easson, W L
Foster, W A
Francisco, M
Funk, B F-2
Gallatin, John
Gerby, Louis
Gilstroy, Charlie
Glueck, Fred
Grant, W E
Grissom, E
Haas, Jacob-2
Hall, C E
Hall, Almira
Hanson, Charlie
Harkness, Al
Henry, J A
Hendrix, Jas
Hernandez, P
Hill, Samuel
Higbee, J H
Holland, Ed
Holland, M C
Hopps, H
Hunt, R C
Johnson, W H
Jones, M L
Jorden, Robe
Keck, Geo
Kinkel, T A
Kunz, Alfred
Louis, Frank
Lippi, Miohele
Malcom, Robbie
Mahoney, Con
Mayer, August
McCourt, R
McDoal, Wm
Menish, J
Morray, A B
Noyes, J F
Poe, W H
Poe, Henry
Riddle, Timnis
Rader, Chas
Sarcsian, Andr
Shaw, Mathew
StClare, W D
Stewart, G D
Stevens, E A
Stephenson, Geo
Strong, M D
Tally, J T
Thayer, N D
Trabi, Wm
Walsh, J C
Wade, John
Walter, Wilhelm
Walter, Fred
Ward, W Z
Wells, M
Welch, Watson
Weir, Wick
Welch, Mathew
Williams, Chas
Woods, Isaac
Youngbans, Fred
York, H S

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This POWDER never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York.

W. T. COLEMAN & CO., Agents, SAN FRANCISCO. m7-1y



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

THIS STANDARD ARTICLE IS COMPOUNDED with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderful and satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color. It removes all eruptions, itching and dandruff; and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing nothing has been found so effectual, or desirable.

DR. A. A. HAYES, State Assayer of Massachusetts, says of it: "I consider it THE BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE,

FOR THE WHISKERS.

In this Department we can please all. We have all the popular brands of EASTERN AND CALIFORNIA BOOTS AND SHOES, and our prices will be, as in the past, THE LOWEST.

Country Order Department

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TRUSTEES' SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT DEFAULT having been made in the payment of the sums secured by that certain deed of trust made by JAMES P. MOORE to J. L. BROWNE and ROBERT WOODS, dated the twenty-seventh day of SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1879, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of the county of Tehama, State of California, in Book "A" of Trust Deeds, pages 45 to 50, and application having been made to the undersigned by G. W. GRAYSON to sell the premises hereinafter described, under and by virtue of the provisions of said Trust Deed, the undersigned Trustees, on TUESDAY, the twentieth day of JUNE, A. D. 1882, at the hour of twelve o'clock M. of said day, at and in front of the Court House of the Superior Court, in the town of Red Bluff, county of Tehama, will, by virtue of the power and authority vested in us by said deed of trust, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash in gold coin of the United States, the following described premises situate in the county of Tehama, State of California, viz.:

The piece or parcel of land commencing in the center of old bridge, on the north bank of Deer creek, thence north 30° west to iron stake, two feet ten and one-half inches long, and one and one-half inches in diameter, having a keyhole in one end four inches long, from which a cottonwood tree in fence corner bears S. 17, E. 22 links distant; thence S. 70°, W. 3 14 chains to an iron post in road, two feet ten inches long, and one and one-half inches in diameter, in front of the building erected for a flouring mill, and from which post the southwest corner of the stone foundation bears N. 6°, W. 78 links distant; thence N. 32° 30', west 3.410 chains along center of stage road to an iron stake in road, from which an oak tree, six links in diameter, bears N. 57° 30', E. 1.6-100 chains distant; thence S. 54', west 104 chains, to east bank of Sacramento river thence along east bank of Sacramento river to the mouth of Deer creek; thence up the middle of Deer creek to the place of beginning; containing five hundred acres; together with all the water rights owned by the said J. P. MOORE at the time of the execution by him of said deed of trust.

Also, that certain piece or parcel of land, bounded as follows, to wit: On the south by the center of Deer creek; on the west by the ranches of Gimmel and Copeland; on the north by Copeland's ranch, and on the east by Mrs. Elizabeth Lewis' ranch, containing four hundred acres, more or less, and known as Mayhew's ranch; and all the interest and estate of said J. P. Moore in and to that tract of land deeded by A. G. Toomes and wife, April 29, 1857, to W. P. Mayhew and wife.

Also, that other certain piece or parcel of land, beginning at the center of the channel of Deer creek, at the point where the east line of the Toomes grant crosses said creek; thence down the center of the channel of said Deer creek to a point opposite an oak tree marked "O" on the north side, standing on the northwest bank of said creek; thence northwesterly one hundred and twenty-five yards to a stake; thence northeasterly to the line of said Toomes grant; and thence along the line of said Toomes grant to the point of beginning, containing forty acres, more or less, the same being part of the Toomes grant aforesaid.

Also, that other certain piece or parcel of land beginning at an iron pin from which an oak tree 4½ feet in diameter bears north 57° 30' east 1.06 chains distant, on line between Copeland and Moore, in Rancho Rio de los Molinos; running thence north 32° 30' west 3.90 chains to a point; thence north 54' west 102.57 chains to the Sacramento river; thence down said river 3.90 chains; thence north 54' east to place of beginning, containing 40 acres, together with all improvements and appurtenances on said real property. Or such part of said real property as said Trustees, in their discretion, shall find necessary to sell in order to accomplish the objects of the trusts by said deed of trust created.

Terms and conditions of sale.—Cash in gold coin of the United States ten per cent. on the fall of the hammer, balance on delivery of deed, and if not so paid, then said ten per cent. to be forfeited and the sale to be void.

Said G. W. Grayson may bid and purchase at said sale. Acts of sale at purchaser's expense.

Dated this 24th day of May, A. D. 1882.

J. L. BROWNE, Trustee.
ROBERT J. WOODS, Trustee.

m25-td

NOTICE OF SALE

—OF—

Valuable Mineral Springs and Onyx Quarries.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE county of Solano. ROLAND ENGLISH HARTLEY et al., Plaintiffs, vs. THOMAS M. SWAN et al., Defendants—By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of the County of Solano, State of California, made and entered in the above entitled action, on the 23d day of FEBRUARY, A. D. 1882, by which we were appointed referees to partition certain lands, and directed to sell according to law, and the terms of said decree, all that certain piece and parcel of land situate in said county of Solano, State of California, and described as follows: Beginning at a black oak tree on the south side of the dug road leading to the Soda Springs, four chains west and four chains north of the quarter section corner on the west line of Section One, in Township Five North, Range One West, Mount Diablo Meridian, being the northwest corner of A. L. Chapman's land; thence along the center of said dug road as follows: North 82° west, 2.50 chains; South 34° W., 2.50 chs, S 60' W. 5.90 chs, to a bridge over the south fork of Soda Springs Creek, N 65° W, 2 chs, S 88' W, 2.75 chs, N 69° W. 1.50 chs, N 80° W, 2 chs, N 65° W, 2 chs, N 85° W, 5.25 chs, N 65° W, 4 chs, N 82½° W, 1 ch. at Soda Spring, branch course N; N 7½° W, 2.08 chs, at white oak at 5 chs across the creek, and at 6.15 chs small straight oak 8 inches in diameter, near north bank, N 66° W, at 7.50 chs; gulch bears Sw; 6 chs Ne of the Quarry, at 19 chs, white oak 12 inches in diameter, marked 3 hacks, stands on point of oat hills, N 71° W, 9.50 chs, stake at base of hills; S 70½° W, past stooping white oak, 3 hacks, at 10.50 chs, stake and stones on crest of hills; S 17° E, descend at 15 chs boiling Soda Spring, 1.50 chs east on W slope of hill, at 25.50 chs stooping white oak, at 30 chs stake on crest of hill; S 10° W, 19 chs to Walker's Ravine, quicksilver in blue clay, 22.40 chs to the north line of Suisun Rancho in a gulch; thence along said line S 80° 32' E, 15.60 chs, to Station No. 25, U. S. Survey of Suisun Rancho; S 74° 13' E, 31.05 chs to Station 23 of said survey; thence leaving said boundary and running N 72° E, along the line of John Lockie's land 28 chs to a buckeye tree at A. L. Chapman's southwest corner, thence along Chapman's west line as follows: N 19° W, 20 chs to a forked laurel on rocky point, N 35° W, 1.75 chains, N 13½° E, 2.35 chs, N 33½° E, 2 chs, to a rock on crest of hill, another large rock, bears N 45° E, 12 ft distant; N 18° E, 6 chs to a laurel tree on top of a rocky peak; N 32° E, 5 chs to a small laurel, cut off; N 7.50 chains to the place of beginning. Containing 354 acres of land.

We hereby give notice that we will sell at public auction the above-described tract of land on the

3d day of June, A. D. 1882,

At the Court-house door, in Fairfield, in said Solano county, at 2 o'clock P. M., to the highest bidder, upon the following terms: One-third cash, and the balance in equal parts, in one and two years respectively, with interest at 10 per cent. per annum, to be secured by mortgage on said land.

The said tract is within five miles of Suisun city.

D. N. HASTINGS,
J. E. CROOKS,
J. B. LEMON, } Referees.

April 20, 1882 a27-td

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF SACramento, State of California.—In the matter of the estate of W. B. C. BROWN, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at the office of Catlin & Hamburger, 1007 Second street, in the city of Sacramento.

MARTHA C. BROWN,
Administratrix of the Estate of W. B. C. Brown, deceased.

May 5, 1882.

CATLIN & HAMBURGER, Attorneys for Administratrix. m5-lawtwF



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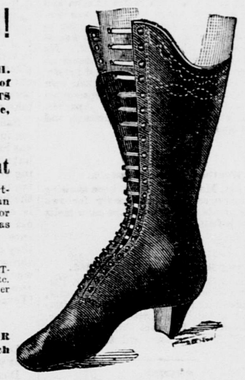
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